

# Transport in Fusion Plasmas: Is the Tail Wagging the Dog?

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### Transport in Fusion Plasmas: Is the Tail Wagging the Dog?

#1: edge transport: new light on <u>"shortfall"</u> conundrum#2: spontaneous <u>confinement transition</u> @separatrix

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Ackn .: Festival de Théorie, Aix-en-Provence

A major motivation: understand & reproduce whereby bifurcations to improved confinement occur



- spontaneous transitions come in many flavours: ITBs,  $\{H; I; ...\}$ -modes
- common grounds: turbulence & self-reinforcing feedback

  - onset of differential rotation
    steepening of ∇p<sub>i</sub>
    electric field well (or hill) → shear-induced bifurcation [Biglari PF 90, ...]
- robustly observed (Tokamak, stellarator,...) upon modifications of edge/SOL operating **boundary conditions**

Global impact of localised boundary interactions is a classical problem

- <u>fluids:</u> Prandtl ; swirling flows [torque vs. velocity [Saint-Michel PRL 13]] ↔ forcing
- MFE: upstream [core & edge] impact of magn. connection to bound. [SOL/wall] [known importance of wall conditioning, recycling, etc.]

take a step back  $\rightarrow$  focus on **low-confinement** "L-mode" edge → prerequisite to understand edge bifurcation(s) [Spoiler: interplay SOL  $\leftrightarrow$  edge  $\leftrightarrow$  core]

Some key questions: **0** transition to turbulence? **2** Causality in onset/sustainment of bifurcated state?



- Several (related) conundrums



[Holland PoP 11]

Some key questions: • transition to turbulence? • Causality in onset/sustainment of bifurcated state?



- Several (related) conundrums
- intrinsic problem [shortfall?] @plasma edge?
  - L→ edge often linearly stable
    L→ where does edge turb. come from?
    L→ propagation/contamination?
- Important turb. properties: all locally-determined?
- what presides over the onset of edge transport barrier? Mechanism(s)?



[Gorler PoP 14]





- equil. gradient length  $\sim$ (few  $\rho_i$ )  $\Rightarrow$  scale separations debatable in edge (gradient scale  $\leftrightarrow F_{eq}$ )  $\Rightarrow$  (turb.scale  $\leftrightarrow \delta f \equiv F F_{eq}$ )
- profiles  $\equiv$  <u>large uncertainties</u> in edge; <u>poorly known</u> in SOL
- magnetic connection to material boundaries  $\downarrow$  expect  $E_r$  shear  $(\nabla p/n \text{ vs. } -\nabla T_e) \Rightarrow$  incidence on transp. barrier onset?
- ▶ this work: global organisation core  $\leftrightarrow$  edge  $\leftrightarrow$  SOL? [Spoiler: strong interplay]
  - ① whereby edge transitions to / sustains a turbulent state?
  - spontaneous transport barrier @separatrix  $\downarrow$  mechanisms whereby such bifurcations occur? causality?

[Dif-Pradalier, Communications Physics 2022]

# Accurate L-mode edge dynamics needs improved boundary conditions





. Commissariat à l'énergie ato



#### Path followed:

simplified SOL physics within flux-driven GK... ...without resolving sheath (subgrid) & neutrals

- simplified limiter geom.
- simplified adiabatic electron response
- ▶ penalised approach  $\begin{vmatrix} \bullet & F_s \to \mathbb{G}_{cold} \\ \bullet & \phi \to \Delta \phi^{\text{sheath}} \end{vmatrix}$

[Isoardi JCP10; Caschera Varenna 18]

# Minimally-relevant [first principles] model for L-mode edge dynamics



• 
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\bar{F}_{s}}{\mathrm{d}t} = \mathcal{C} + \mathcal{S} + \mathcal{D} - \nu \mathcal{M}^{\mathrm{mat}}(r,\theta) [\bar{F}_{s} - \mathbb{G}_{cold}]$$

• 
$$\Delta n_e = \rho + \frac{1}{n_{e_0}} \sum_s Z_s \nabla_\perp \cdot \left(\frac{n_{s_0}}{B\Omega_s} \nabla_\perp \phi\right)$$

$$\frac{\text{with}}{e} \quad \frac{T_e}{e} \Delta n_e = \phi - \lambda \Big[ 1 - \mathcal{M}^{SOL}(r) \Big] \langle \phi \rangle_{\mathcal{FS}} - \lambda \frac{e}{T_e} \Delta \phi^{\text{sheath}} \Big[ \mathcal{M}^{SOL}(r) - \mathcal{M}^{\text{mat}}(r,\theta) \Big] (T_e - T_e^{b.c.}) - \Big[ \mathcal{M}^{\text{mat}}(r,\theta) - \mathcal{M}^{\text{wall}}(r) \Big] \phi^{\text{bias}}$$

 $\underline{\text{with}} \quad \rho(\mathbf{x},t) = \frac{1}{n_{e_0}} \sum_{s} Z_s \int d^3 v \, \mathcal{J} \cdot (\bar{F}_s - \bar{F}_{s,eq})$ 

- ▶ global domain: 0 ≤ r/a ≤ 1.3
   ▶ Tore Supra #45511
- ▶  $\rho_{\star} \approx 1/300 \rightarrow$  in the "local limit"
- no transport of mass
- transport of energy & momentum

Tokamak volume	Mask
All plasma	$1 - M^{mat}(r, \theta)$
Closed field lines	$1 - \mathcal{M}^{SOL}(r)$
Scrape-Off Layer	$\mathcal{M}^{SOL}(r) - \mathcal{M}^{mat}(r, \theta)$
Material boundaries	$\mathcal{M}^{\mathfrak{mat}}(r, \theta)$
Limiter only	$\mathcal{M}^{\mathrm{mat}}(r,\theta) - \mathcal{M}^{\mathrm{wall}}(r)$
Wall only	$\mathcal{M}^{\text{wall}}(r)$



<sup>[</sup>see P. Donnel, this conference]



• 
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}\vec{F}_{s}}{\mathrm{d}t} = \mathcal{C} + \mathcal{S} + \mathcal{D} - \nu \mathcal{M}^{\mathrm{mat}}(r,\theta) \left[\vec{F}_{s} - \mathbb{G}_{cold}\right]$$

• 
$$\Delta n_e = \rho + \frac{1}{n_{e_0}} \sum_s Z_s \nabla_{\perp} \cdot \left(\frac{n_{s_0}}{B\Omega_s} \nabla_{\perp} \phi\right)$$

$$\frac{\text{with}}{e} \frac{T_e}{e} \Delta n_e = \phi - \lambda \left[ 1 - \mathcal{M}^{SOL}(r) \right] \langle \phi \rangle_{\mathcal{FS}} - \lambda \frac{e}{T_e} \Delta \phi^{\text{sheath}} \left[ \mathcal{M}^{SOL}(r) - \mathcal{M}^{\text{mat}}(r, \theta) \right] (T_e - T_e^{\delta.c.}) - \left[ \mathcal{M}^{\text{mat}}(r, \theta) - \mathcal{M}^{\text{wall}}(r) \right] \phi^{\text{bias}}$$

with 
$$\rho(\mathbf{x},t) = \frac{1}{n_{e_0}} \sum_s Z_s \int d^3 v \, \mathcal{J} \cdot (\bar{F}_s - \bar{F}_{s,eq})$$

► global domain: 
$$0 \le r/a \le 1.3$$

➤ Tore Supra #45 511

▶  $\rho_{\star} \approx 1/300 \rightarrow$  in the "local limit"

- no transport of mass
- transport of energy & momentum

#### Systematic comparison TS#45511

#1 Flux-Driven & limiter  

$$\uparrow$$
#2 Flux-Driven & poloidally symm.  
 $\mathcal{M}^{mat}, \mathcal{M}^{SOL}, \mathcal{M}^{wall} \rightarrow 0$   
 $\forall t, r/a \ge 1 \quad \overline{F}_s \rightarrow cst \equiv F_{\#1}$   
 $\uparrow$ 

**#3** Gradient-Driven & poloidally symm.  

$$\mathcal{M}^{\text{mat}}, \mathcal{M}^{SOL}, \mathcal{M}^{wall} \to 0$$
  
 $\mathcal{S} \to 0$   
 $\forall r, t \quad \overline{F}_s \to cst \equiv F_{\#2}$ 

"baseline" instab. ITG+PVG; extension to TKEs [see P. Donnel, this conference]

Heat & mom. engine fuelled by spont. poloidal symm. breaking  $@LCFS \rightarrow persistent transp. barrier @LCFS$ 





linear analysis of  $G_{\rm YSELA}$  profiles with local  $G_{\rm KW}$  [Peeters CPC 09]

#### w/o Limiter

 $\rho \leq .92$ : ITG/TEM unstable  $\rho \geq .92$ : outer edge **stable** 

#### with Limiter

• narrow  $(r, \theta)$  region DW/interchange unstable

rest of edge is stable

▶ interesting situation: turbulence organisation in edge?





#### <u>No Limiter</u> $\equiv$ polo. symmetric cases



<u>major caveats</u>:  $\mathbf{E} \times \mathbf{B} = 0$  & poloidally (parallel) homogeneity

long story short: ITG & TEM unstable  $r/a \le 0.92$ ; outer edge stable  $r/a \ge 0.92$ 





#### $\underline{\text{WITH Limiter}} \equiv (\text{large})$ localised free energy sources



when edge instab. starts: profiles ~same @LFS midplane w/ or w/o limiter

- narrow  $(r, \theta)$  region DW/interchange unstable ; PVG marginally unstable
- rest of edge is stable [marginally-unstable @steady-state]
- $\blacksquare$  interesting situation: turbulence organisation in edge? investigate  $\delta n$





#### both key to edge organisation & exp. transp. levels



- reasonable trend with limiter;
- shortfall without:
- spreading ["contamination"] key

#### Prox

$$\begin{bmatrix} (\partial \\ \partial t + \overline{\mathbf{v}}_{E,\theta} & \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \end{bmatrix} (nl) + \nabla \cdot \Gamma_{l} = \mathcal{P} - \mathcal{D}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} (\partial \\ \partial t + \overline{\mathbf{v}}_{E,\theta} & \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \end{bmatrix} (nl) + \nabla \cdot \Gamma_{l} = \mathcal{P} - \mathcal{D}$$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} (\partial \\ \partial t + \overline{\mathbf{v}}_{E,\theta} & \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \end{bmatrix} (nl) + \nabla \cdot \Gamma_{l} = \mathcal{D} - \mathcal{D}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} (\partial \\ \partial t + \overline{\mathbf{v}}_{E,\theta} & \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \end{bmatrix} (nl) + \nabla \cdot \Gamma_{l} = \mathcal{D} - \mathcal{D} + \mathcal{D} - \mathcal{D}$$

[≈ <sup>3.0</sup> µ]

. 2.5 -

Flux-driven: with spreading

poloidally symm. b.c.

Gradient-driven: spreading impeded Case-3 = poloidally symm. b.c.

Case-1 ≡ limiter b.c.

 $\downarrow$  investigate systematic spreading increments  $\Delta S \equiv \Gamma_{I}(r, \theta, t) - \Gamma_{I}(r, \theta, t_{ref})$ 

 $\Delta S \ge 0 \rightarrow$  radially-outward fluxes of turbulence intensity  $\Delta S \leq 0 \rightarrow$  inward fluxes of turb. intensity







# Spontaneous poloidal symm. breaking @LCFS density shelf & T grad.→ <u>persistent transport barrier</u>





07

# Vorticity balance $E'_r(r,\theta)$ to probe mechanisms for barrier build-up & sustainment



• track vorticity production  $[GK eq. + E \times B \text{ velocity} + gyroaverage [eg. Sarazin PPCF 2021]]$ 

$$\begin{aligned} \partial_{t} \langle \Omega_{r} \rangle &+ \frac{1}{r} \partial_{r} r \left[ \left\langle \mathbf{v}_{Er} \Omega_{r} \right\rangle + \left\langle \mathbf{v}_{\star r} \Omega_{r} \right\rangle - \left\langle \mathbf{v}_{\star \theta} \frac{1}{r} \partial_{\theta} E_{r} \right\rangle \right] = r.h.s \\ r.h.s \approx -\partial_{t} \langle \Omega_{\theta} \rangle - \frac{\partial_{\theta}}{r} \langle (\mathbf{v}_{E\theta} + \mathbf{v}_{\star \theta}) \Omega_{\theta} \rangle - \partial_{r} \frac{\partial_{\theta}}{2r} \langle \mathbf{v}_{E\theta}^{2} \rangle + \frac{\partial_{\theta}}{2r^{3}} \partial_{r} \langle r^{2} \mathbf{v}_{Er}^{2} \rangle - \frac{\partial_{\theta}}{r} \left\langle \mathbf{v}_{\star r} \frac{1}{r} \partial_{\theta} \mathbf{v}_{E\theta} \right\rangle \\ \Omega_{r} \approx -\partial_{r} E_{r} & \& \quad \Omega_{\theta} = \partial_{\theta}^{2} \phi / r^{2} \\ \mathbf{v}_{Er} = -\partial_{\theta} \phi / r & \& \quad \mathbf{v}_{E\theta} = \partial_{r} \phi = -E_{r} \\ \mathbf{v}_{\star r} = -\partial_{\theta} \rho_{\perp} / r & \& \quad \mathbf{v}_{\star \theta} = \partial_{r} \rho_{\perp} \end{aligned}$$

## Cea Voi

# Vorticity balance $E'_r(r,\theta)$ to probe mechanisms for barrier build-up & sustainment





# Vorticity balance $E'_r(r,\theta)$ to probe mechanisms for barrier build-up & sustainment



 $\bullet \ track \ vorticity \ production \quad [\mathsf{GK} \ \mathsf{eq}. \ + \ \mathsf{E} \times \mathsf{B} \ velocity \ + \ gyroaverage \ [eg. \ Sarazin \ \mathsf{PPCF} \ 2021]]$ 

$$\begin{array}{c} \partial_{t} \langle \Omega_{r} \rangle + \frac{1}{r} \partial_{r} r \left[ \left\langle \mathbf{v}_{Er} \Omega_{r} \right\rangle + \left\langle \mathbf{v}_{\star r} \Omega_{r} \right\rangle - \left\langle \mathbf{v}_{\star \theta} \frac{1}{r} \partial_{\theta} E_{r} \right\rangle \right] = r.h.s \\ r.h.s \approx -\partial_{t} \langle \Omega_{\theta} \rangle - \frac{\partial_{\theta}}{r} \langle (\mathbf{v}_{E\theta} + \mathbf{v}_{\star \theta}) \Omega_{\theta} \rangle - \partial_{r} \frac{\partial_{\theta}}{2r} \langle \mathbf{v}_{E\theta}^{2} \rangle + \frac{\partial_{\theta}}{2r^{3}} \partial_{r} \langle r^{2} \mathbf{v}_{Er}^{2} \rangle - \frac{\partial_{\theta}}{r} \left\langle \mathbf{v}_{\star r} \frac{1}{r} \partial_{\theta} \mathbf{v}_{E\theta} \right\rangle \\ \Omega_{r} \approx -\partial_{r} E_{r} \qquad \& \qquad \Omega_{\theta} = \partial_{\theta}^{2} \phi / r^{2} \\ \mathbf{v}_{Er} = -\partial_{\theta} \phi / r \qquad \& \qquad \mathbf{v}_{E\theta} = \partial_{r} \phi = -E_{r} \\ \mathbf{v}_{\star r} = -\partial_{\theta} \rho_{\perp} / r \qquad \& \qquad \mathbf{v}_{\star \theta} = \left[ \partial_{r} \rho_{\perp} \right] \end{array}$$
  

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{accurate vorticity balance} \\ \text{But...} \\ \text{ono statement about dynamical relevance} \\ \text{But...} \\ \text{ono statement about dynamical relevance} \\ \text{causality [Schreiber PRL 00;... VanMilligen NF 14; Nicolau PoP 18]} \end{array}$$



<u>Pressure inhomogeneities key</u>: forecasts Reynolds force & contributes propagating field inhomogeneities





Conclusions: SOL-edge-core interplay informs "shortfall" conundrum & transp. barrier onset/sustainment

- ▶ penalised limiter  $\rightarrow$  simplified SOL miss  $e^{-\parallel}$  dynamics; convection & neutrals  $\downarrow$  free energy injection in narrow region  $\rightarrow$  turb. redistribution key
- ▶ interplay SOL, edge & core
  - $\rightarrow$  spontaneous persistent **transport barrier**  $\equiv E_r$  build-up;
  - $\rightarrow$  with limiter: no "shortfall"  $\equiv$  clarifies spreading controversy

• poloidal asymmetry (cold region...)  $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$  edge-to-core then  $\boldsymbol{\Theta}$  cyclic edge $\rightarrow$ core & core $\rightarrow$ edge

 $\rightarrow$  w/o limiter: edge stable & strong "shortfall" in NM'sL

Turbulence not only locally driven by local gradients but 'nonlocally' controlled by **fluxes of turb.** activity, primarily (though not exclusively) coming from the edge & mediated thru interplay with material bound.

► transp. barrier build-up  $\rightarrow \langle v_{Er}\Omega_r \rangle$ ,  $\langle v_{\star r}\Omega_r \rangle \& \langle v_{\star \theta}\frac{\partial_{\theta}E_r}{r} \rangle$  key to  $E_r$  growth



