

## A NMR-Driven Reverse Monte Carlo Study of Sodium Borate Glasses

Thibault Charpentier, Erwan Chesneau, Laurent Cormier, Gregory Tricot

#### ▶ To cite this version:

Thibault Charpentier, Erwan Chesneau, Laurent Cormier, Gregory Tricot. A NMR-Driven Reverse Monte Carlo Study of Sodium Borate Glasses. Glass and Optical Materials Division Annual Meeting (GOMD 2022), May 2022, Baltimore, United States. cea-03681018

#### HAL Id: cea-03681018 https://cea.hal.science/cea-03681018

Submitted on 30 May 2022

**HAL** is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

## AMERICAN CERAMIC SOCIETY

# View Abstract

**CONTROL ID:** 3726625

CURRENT SYMPOSIUM: SYMPOSIUM 1: FUNDAMENTALS OF THE GLASSY STATE

CURRENT SESSION: Session 5: Atomistic Simulation and Predictive Modeling of Glasses

**PRESENTATION TYPE:** Contributed (Oral)

TITLE: A NMR-Driven Reverse Monte Carlo Study of Sodium Borate Glasses

**AUTHORS (LAST NAME, FIRST NAME):** <u>Charpentier, Thibault</u><sup>3</sup>; Chesneau, Erwan<sup>3</sup>; Cormier, Laurent<sup>1</sup>; Tricot, Grégory<sup>2</sup>

INSTITUTIONS (ALL): 1. IMPMC, Sorbonne Université, Paris, France.

2. LASIR, Université de Lille, Lille, France.

3. IRAMIS/NIMBE, Université PAris-Saclay, CEA, Gif-sur-Yvette, France.

#### ABSTRACT BODY:

**Abstract Body:** Borate glasses are known to have a large fraction of the boron atoms involved in superstructural units like boroxol or pentaborate rings, in addition to the double coordination of boron atoms (3 and 4). This generates the boron's anomaly, which is a non-linear evolution of properties upon the addition of sodium oxide. In this work, we investigate theoretically and experimentally the structure of sodium borate glasses using <sup>11</sup>B and <sup>23</sup>Na NMR, classical and ab-initio molecular dynamics (MD) simulations and neutron diffraction.

We observe that only aiMD produces structural models with a non-negligible fraction of super-structural units (6 membered rings) but still below the one determined by two-dimensional <sup>11</sup>B MQMAS NMR. In order to improve our structural models, in particular to include a larger fraction of superstructural units, we develop a hybrid reverse monte carlo (HRMC) scheme combining MD with NMR and neutron data, taking the fraction of superstructural units as an adjustable parameter. Neutron data are found to be not sufficiently sensitive to

discriminate the various structural models, in contrast to <sup>11</sup>B NMR for both BO<sub>3</sub> and BO<sub>4</sub> units (i.e., ring and non-rings species). DFT computations of <sup>11</sup>B and <sup>23</sup>Na 2D MQMAS NMR are in good agreement with experiments.

KEYWORDS: Borate, NMR, Molecular Dynamics, Reverse Monte Carlo, DFT-NMR computations. Presenter Acknowledgment: I have read and acknowledge the above paragraph PROFESSIONAL/ACADEMIC STATUS: Thibault Charpentier : Faculty Erwan Chesneau : Faculty Laurent Cormier : Faculty Grégory Tricot : Faculty

## SCHOLARONE"



© Clarivate Analytics | © ScholarOne, Inc., 2022. All Rights Reserved. ScholarOne Abstracts and ScholarOne are registered trademarks of ScholarOne, Inc. ScholarOne Abstracts Patents #7,257,767 and #7,263,655.

🔰 @ScholarOneNews | 🗱 System Requirements | 🔦 Privacy Statement | 🔩 Terms of Use

Product version number 4.17.4 (Build 133). Build date Tue Mar 29 09:29:21 EDT 2022. Server ip-10-236-26-211