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European and National Development of SHIP



# Material selection and prototype design of a double-fluid circulation PCM storage for SHIP applications

SolarPACES 2021

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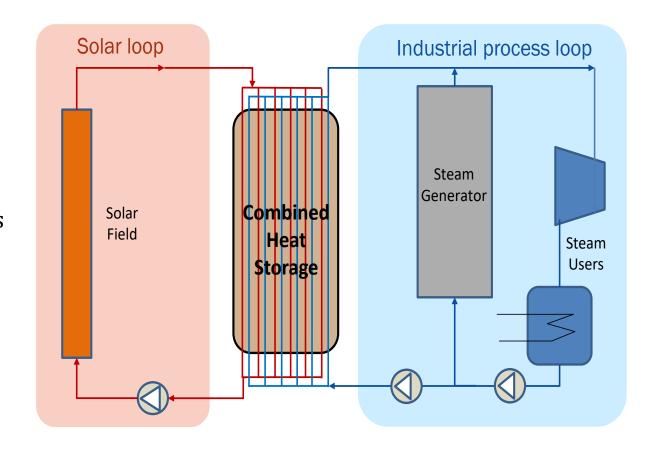
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#### Context



- ✓ Project objective
  - ✓ To demonstrate that SHIP is reliable, flexible, robust and cost-competitive
    - ✓ At temperatures between 200°C and 300°C
    - ✓ Industrial sectors such as textile, plastics, wood, metallurgy, and chemistry
- ✓ Thermal storage need
  - ✓ To ease the integration of SHIP in an existing process
  - ✓ A unique component with the following functions:
    - √ heat storage from solar field & from industrial process
    - ✓ heat release to the industrial process
    - ✓ direct heat transfer between solar and process loops using different HTFs
- ✓ Thermal storage solution:

**Combined Heat Storage (CHS)** 









#### Selected material

- Stability and performances OK Thermo physical characteristics
- Highly Hygroscopic
- High density

	Туре	Name	ΔH <sub>sol/liq</sub> (J/g)	T° <sub>f</sub> (°C)	Comments
<b>E</b>	utectic Mixture	Ca(NO₃)₂—KNO₃	70	152	Affordable, highly hygroscopic <b>Tested</b>
E	utectic Mixture	NaNO <sub>3</sub> -Ca(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> —KNO <sub>3</sub>	Very low	180	Affordable, highly hygroscopic <b>Tested</b>
S	ugar and sugar alcohol	d-Mannitol	294-341	165-168	High supercooling and stability issues Tested
E	utectic mixture	LiNO <sub>3</sub> -NaNO <sub>2</sub>	233	156	High Cost, highly hygroscopic
E	utectic mixture	LiNO <sub>3</sub> -KCl	272	160	High Cost, highly hygroscopic, corrosion issues
E	utectic mixture	HCOONa-HCOOK	175	176	Scarce existing data, corrosion issues
	norganic salt	Potassium thiocyanate	112-114		Low cycling stability, corrosion issues, toxicity
	atty acid	Adipic acid	239-252	152	Flammable at temperatures >170°C, corrosion issues
Æ	Amide	Benzanilide	129-139	161	Produce CMR and flammable gas upon decomposition
F	Phenolic acid	Salicylic acid	199	157-159	Low cycling stability, highly flammable
ļ	Aromatic hydrocarbon	Hydroquinone	179-235	160-173	Low cycling stability, highly flammable, CMR?
S	ugar and sugar alcohol	Dulcitol	246-257	167-185	Low cycling stability, supercooling



## Material characterization - binary mixture



#### Proportions mixed and heated 4h @ 250°C, then characterized

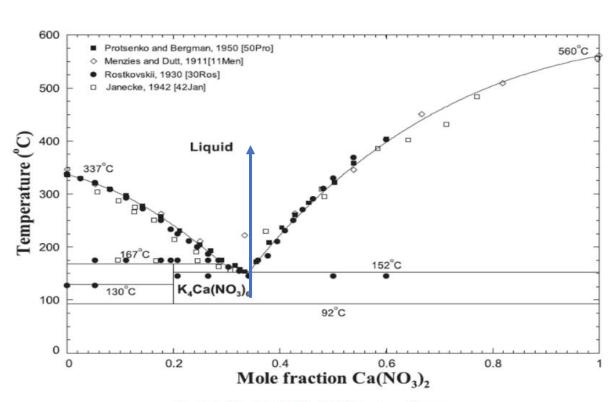
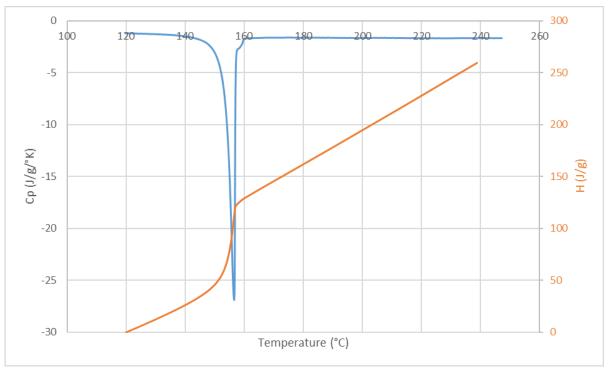


Figure 1. Calculated KNO<sub>3</sub>-Ca(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> phase diagram.

Source: Chartan et al., 2019, The Journal of Chemical Thermodynamics, 2019



 $T_{onset}$ =152°C,  $H_f$ =70 J/g,  $H_{[140-180]}$ =130 J/g Density Solid @ 22°C: 2 151 kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Liquid @ 185°C: 2 074 kg/m<sup>3</sup>



## Material characterization - effect of humidity



Ca(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> not available as anhydrous salt

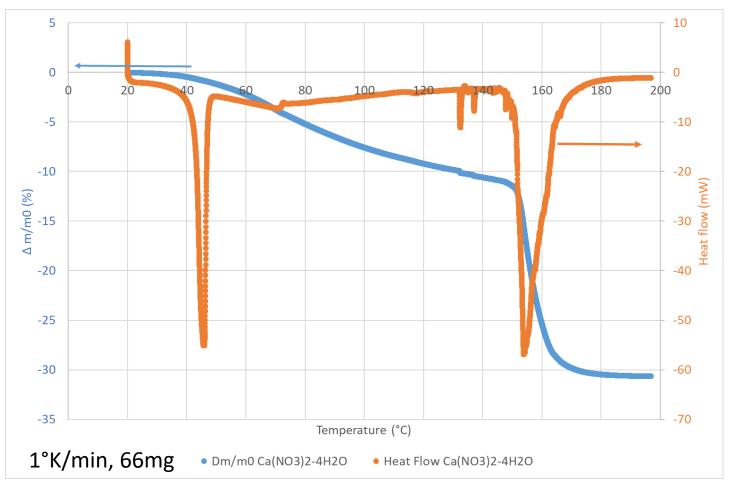
Only  $Ca(NO_3)_2$ -4 $H_2O$  in standard conditions

#### $Ca(NO_3)_2-4H_2O$ :

- Start dehydration below 40°C
- Fully dehydrated above 160°C
- Total mass loss: 30%wt



Effect of humidity on binary mixture and impact on the storage unit?

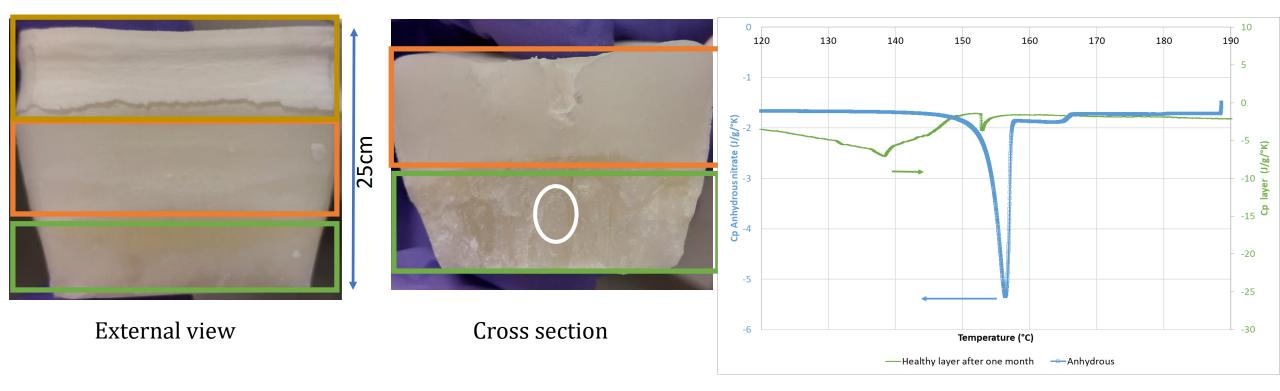








• 50g bulk anhydrous binary mixture left 3 weeks at 17°C/47%Hr in an open container



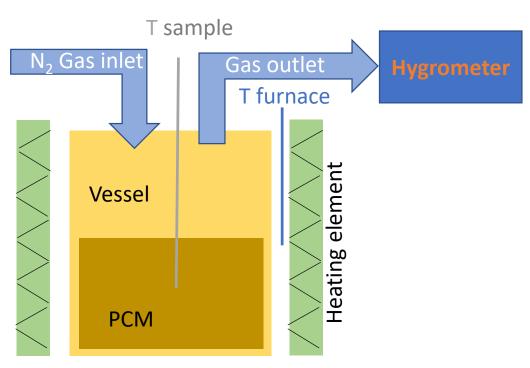
Water molecules modify the binary nitrate and make it unusable for heat storage Is it possible to regenerate it?

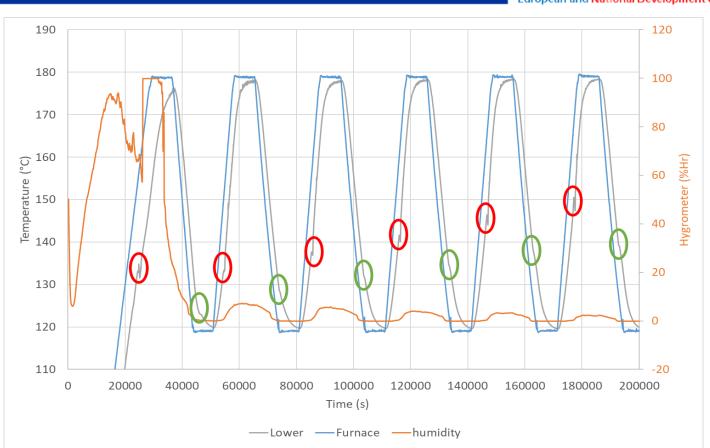


## Influence of humidity on the binary material



Anhydrous binary salt, grinded left 3 weeks at 17°C/47%Hr





Melting/solidification temperature increases as humidity drops binary nitrate « regenerates »



## PCM storage design: state of the art

- ✓ PCM storage prototypes for CSP application
  - ✓ Shell and tube design
  - ✓ A unique HTF

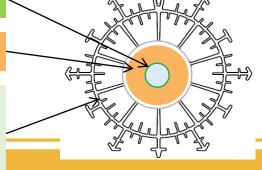


PCM tubes & inserts

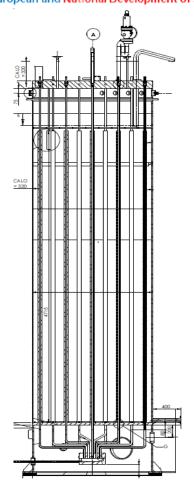
**Tubes** 

Aluminum fins

Heat transfer enhancement by aluminum inserts around the vertical finned tubes







PCM storage test section

Source: Garcia et al., 2020 SolarPACES Conference



## Prototype integration & Design parameters

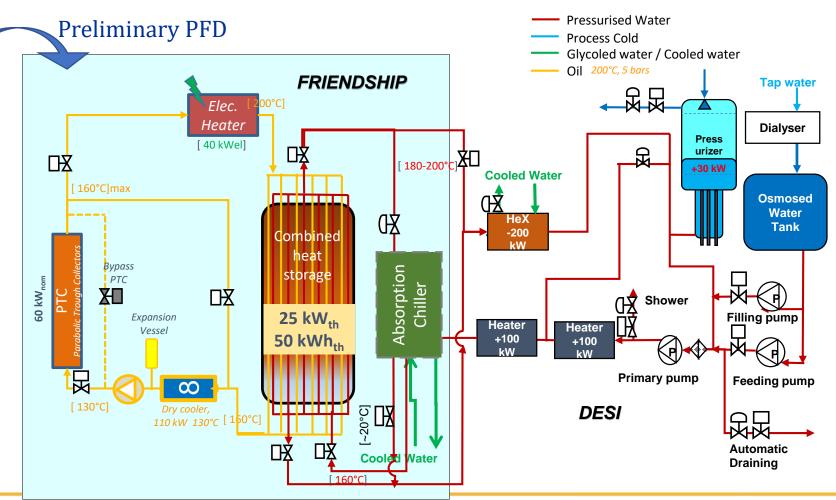


✓ Prototype tested on two facilities

HTF type	CHS Lab tests	SHIP200 prototype
From FRIENDSHIP heat producers	Pressurized water	Thermal oil
From / To existing process heat consumers	Steam	Pressurized water

#### ✓ Design conditions

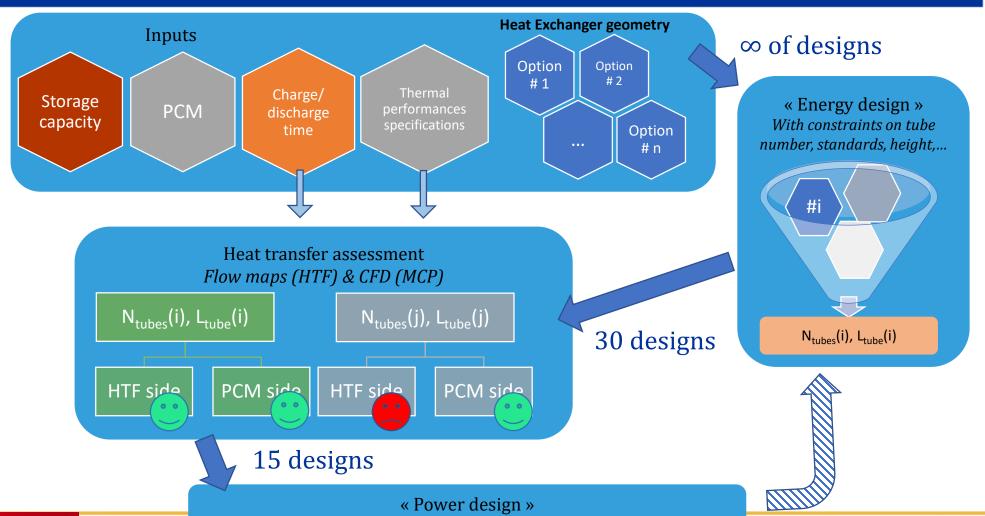
	Charge	Discharge
Heat Transfer Fluid	Wacker Helisol XLP	pressurized water
Charging/discharging time	4 h	2 h
Inlet temperature	200°C	140°C
Pressure level - Nominal	5 bara	20 bara
Mean HTF temperature	178.2°C	148.2°C
HTF mass flow	156 g/s	354 g/s





# Design selection methodology





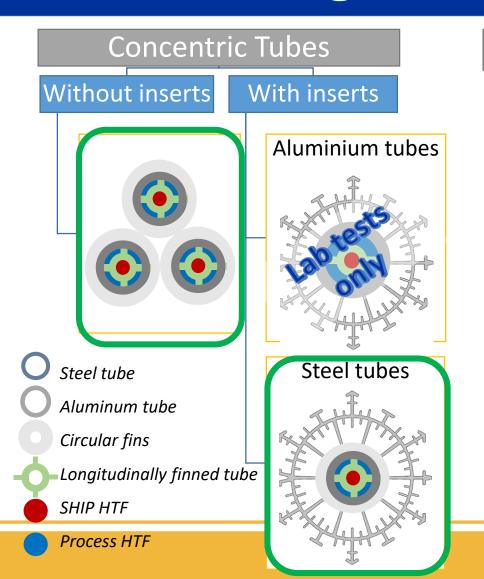
1D dynamic model

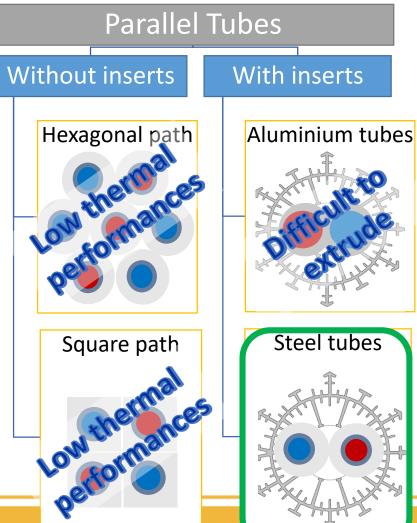


# Possible two-fluid designs



- ✓ A wide range of possible designs
  - ✓ Aluminium heat exchanger tubes: would need enhanced thermomechanical resistance and corrosion tests
  - ✓ Extrusion limits for aluminium inserts
  - ✓ Standard finned tubes only







# Sizing results



Design	Option A	Option B	Option C
D <sub>in</sub> /D <sub>out</sub> charge tube (mm)	13.65 / 19.05	13.65 / 19.05	10.48 / 15.88
D <sub>in</sub> /D <sub>out</sub> discharge tube (mm)	32.7 / 38.1	32.7 / 38.1	10.48 / 15.88
D <sub>out</sub> fins (mm)	63.5	63.5	34.88
Tube spacing (mm)	96	70	88
Number of double fluid tube	29	61	37
Tube length (m)	3.64	3.52	3.87
[CFD] $\Delta T_{max}$ end of discharge (K)	4.0	2.6	9.3
[1D model] Charged energy*	85% 🛕	95% 🛕	82% 🛕
[1D model] Discharged energy*	98%	107% 🔾	87% 🔾

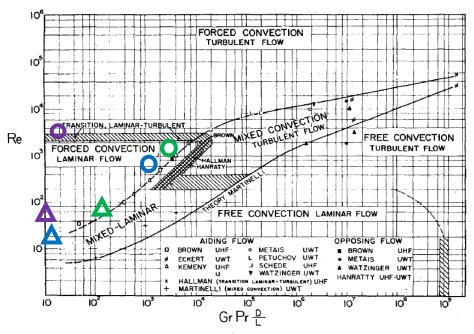


Fig. 1 Regimes of free, forced, and mixed convection for flow through vertical tubes

$$\left(10^{-2} < \Pr{\frac{\mathsf{d}}{\mathsf{L}}} < 1\right)$$

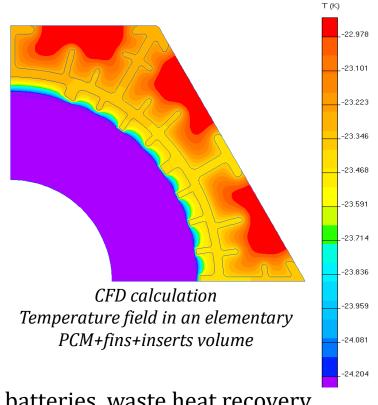
Source: Metais & Eckert *Journal of Heat Transfer* **86** 295-6 1964



## Conclusions & Outlook



- ✓ Low cost and non corrosive PCM selected and characterized
  - ✓ Not a lot of choice in this temperature range! Very few data in literature
  - ✓ Ongoing work on humidity management and filling procedures
- ✓ A wide range of prototype designs considered
  - ✓ CFD and 1D system model to assess thermal performances
  - ✓ Ongoing engineering study with promising designs for the 3 options
    - ✓ With cost estimates from potential manufacturers

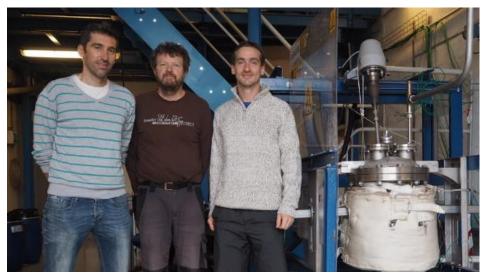


- ✓ Perspectives
  - ✓ CHS storage adapted to numerous storage applications: district heating, Carnot batteries, waste heat recovery,...
  - ✓ Concentric designs show high heat transfer rates and can be used as heat exchangers



# Thanks for your attention!







FRIENDSHIP WP5 team: Pierre Garcia, Gilles « Walter » Matringe, Grégory Largiller, Célian Jean

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