

#### ITER Langmuir probes: Physics and technological issues under investigation in the WEST tokamak

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## ITER Langmuir probes: Physics and technological issues under investigation in the WEST tokamak

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\*see http://west.cea.fr/WESTteam

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#### WEST tokamak's main mission

-testing ITER-like divertor components and diagnostics in a tokamak environment

#### Missions of divertor Langmuir probes in WEST

-provide measurements of divertor plasma parameters for WEST scientific program

-investigate design issues impacting ITER probes (thermomechanical behaviour under intense, steady-state heat loads)

-evaluate accuracy of flush-mounted probe measurements by a physicsbased approach

# 

#### DIVERTOR HEAT FLUX IN ITER IS AT THE LIMIT OF WHAT MATERIALS CAN WITHSTAND





# COO DESIGN OF ITER LANGMUIR PROBES



Probes must have good thermal contact with W monoblocks, and at the same time, be electrically insulated from them



a) temperature field of DLP and monoblock; b) temperature field of probe; c) temperature field of ceramic

Wei Zhao, Yali Wang, Yuzhong Jin, Li Zhao, Hongxia Zhou, Lin Nie, Guangwu Zhong, Chunjia Liu, Christopher Watts, James Paul Gunn, <sup>4</sup> "**Preliminary Design of ITER Divertor Langmuir Probe System**", Fusion Science and Technology, **76**, 79 (2020).

### WEST TOKAMAK (CADARACHE, FRANCE) PHASE 1 OPERATION (2016-2021)



W-coated CuCrZr upper divertor targets (actively cooled)



ITER like full W divertor targets (actively cooled)

W-coated graphite lower divertor targets (uncooled)

### LOWER DIVERTOR FLUSH-MOUNTED PROBES IN INERTIAL GRAPHITE



Probes provided in-kind by IPP-Prague

2 arrays of 29 probes (tantalum metal) -high melting temperature (~3000℃) and ductile at ro om temperature (allows crimping wires onto bottom of probe) Radial resolution 12.5 mm











# FLUSH PROBE TIPS HAVE TO BE EXTREMELY WELL



Probes were manufactured to be recessed 0.1 mm below surface Boron nitride spacers were sanded manually on emery cloth until the probes "felt" flush by rubbing the surface with our finger Mean alignment measured by confocal microscopy before and after sanding Before : -69±65 µm ~ion Larmor radius After : +16±22 µm <ion Larmor radius





Target profiles during OSP sweep are continuous<sup>7</sup>

R. Dejarnac, et al., Flush-mounted Langmuir probes in the WEST tokamak divertor Fusion Engineering and Design **163** (2021) 112120

# ALIGNMENT BETWEEN PROBES IS CRITICAL, BUT CAN





In collaboration with SWIP (Chengdu) and ITER, a dedicated probe was designed in order to measure simultaneously with a flush probe and a classical proud probe having a well-defined collecting area.

The principal aim was to learn whether flush-mounted probes measure density and temperature correctly, despite their complex collection physics.

### MOUSETRAP PROBE - A MINI LABORATORY FOR STUDYING FLUSH-MOUNTED PROBE PHYSICS



proud probe protrudes 1 mm above target

flush probe









#### DESPITE VERY DIFFERENT COLLECTING GEOMETRIES BOTH PROBES GIVE THE SAME RESULTS



# **MOUSETRAP : FLUSH-MOUNTED AND PROUD** Cea PROBES YIELD SAME RESULTS

All data from experiment of December 14, 2018





10-probe pop-up

array

The mousetrap operated successfully throughout WEST Phase 1 operation, making a total of 2587 reciprocations on 1587 discharges, in all plasma scenarios.

Six new mousetrap drive mechanisms have been installed in the WEST Phase 2 full ITER-like tungsten divertor, which will begin operation in 2022.

### UPPER DIVERTOR: W WAFER PROBES BOLTED TO ACTIVELY COOLED, W-COATED, COPPER PFUs







S. Antusch, et al., "**Processing of** complex near-net-shaped tungsten parts by PIM", Nuclear Materials and Energy 16, 71 (2018).



2 arrays of 30 probes -spatial resolution 12.5 mm -manufactured by tungsten powder injection moulding -flared geometry to spread heat

-T<sub>tip</sub> ~ 800°C / 12 MW/m<sup>2</sup>

Two types of electrical insulation being tested





59/60 probes still working Survived discharges up to 1 minute long Total exposure 52 minutes Heat flux ~ MW/m<sup>2</sup>

0.1 mm phlogopite mica sheets  $T_{max} \sim 1000$ °C HVOF plasma-sprayed alumina (Stony Brook University + IPP Prague) T<sub>max</sub> > 1900℃

#### WAFER PROBE DESIGN WILL BE TESTED ON ITER-LIKE FULL W PFUs IN WEST PHASE 2 (>2022)



Slots were cut between PFUs to house probes, and threaded screwholes were cut to fix probes to the monoblock sides (both by electroerosion, CISRI International Trading Co.,LTD, China - great work!). Insulation by mica sheets.





In addition to providing data for the WEST scientific program, Langmuir probes provide input to the ITER probe design.

Three principal issues were investigated:

1) lower divertor flush-mounted probes highlighted the importance of individual probe alignment with divertor surface to yield coherent measurements between different probes (strike point sweep in WEST provides nice continuous profiles)

2) The mousetrap probe in WEST has shown that flush-mounted probe data can be analyzed with confidence. Good news for ITER Langmuir probes. The brilliant performance of the magnetic drive system has encouraged us to install six more such devices in WEST Phase 2 (we believe that it could be a viable option for ITER probes, and in fact the concept has already been adopted for the ITER fast ion loss detector).

3) upper divertor wafer probes - good results concerning thin electrically insulating layers (both phlogopite mica and HVOF sprayed alumina). Good performance of PIM tungsten in a tokamak environment.

-The same solution has been adopted for WEST Phase 2 full-W ITER-like PFUs.