



Development of a selective Americium Separation Process by Liquid-Liquid Extraction

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► To cite this version:

C. Marie, M.-T. Duchesne, E. Russello, P. Kaufholz, A. Wilden, et al.. Development of a selective Americium Separation Process by Liquid-Liquid Extraction. 250th ACS National Meeting and Exposition, Aug 2015, Boston, United States. cea-02509689

HAL Id: cea-02509689

<https://cea.hal.science/cea-02509689>

Submitted on 17 Mar 2020

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DE LA RECHERCHE A L'INDUSTRIE

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Development of a selective Americium Separation Process by Liquid-Liquid Extraction

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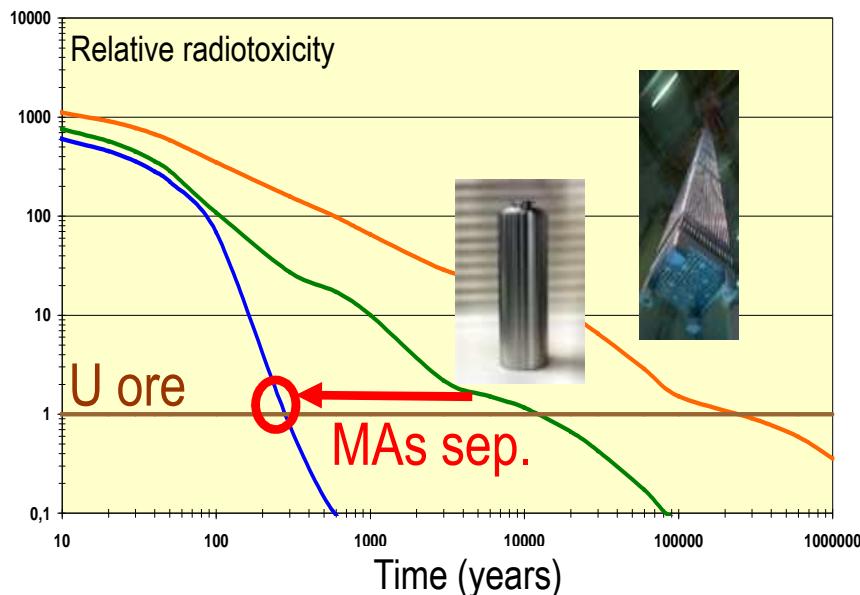


ACS NATIONAL MEETING & EXPOSITION

17th August 2015

Boston, US

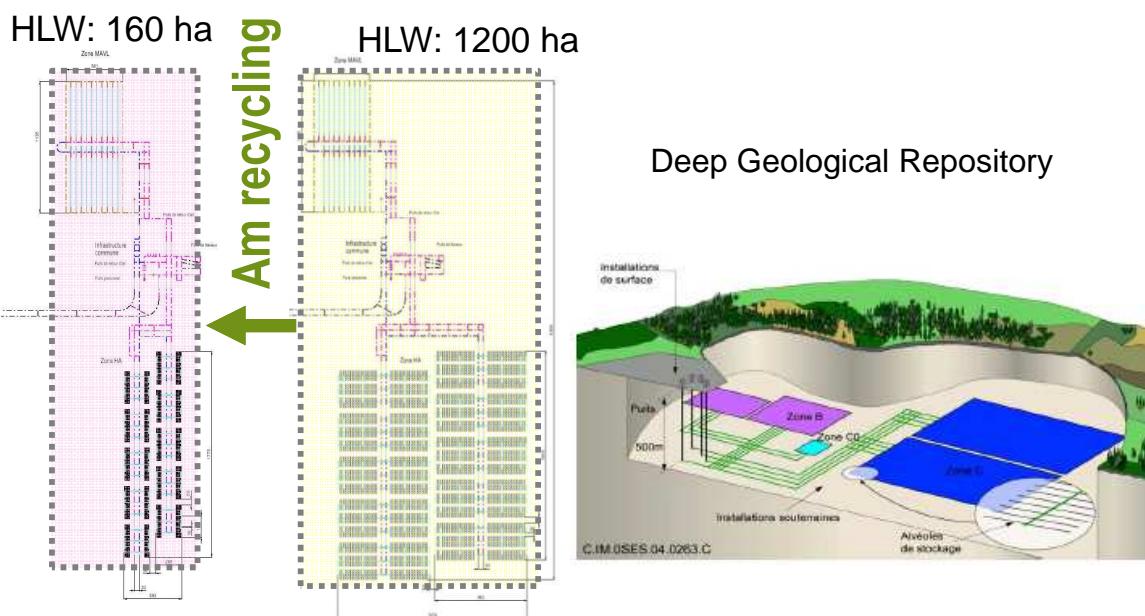
INTRODUCTION



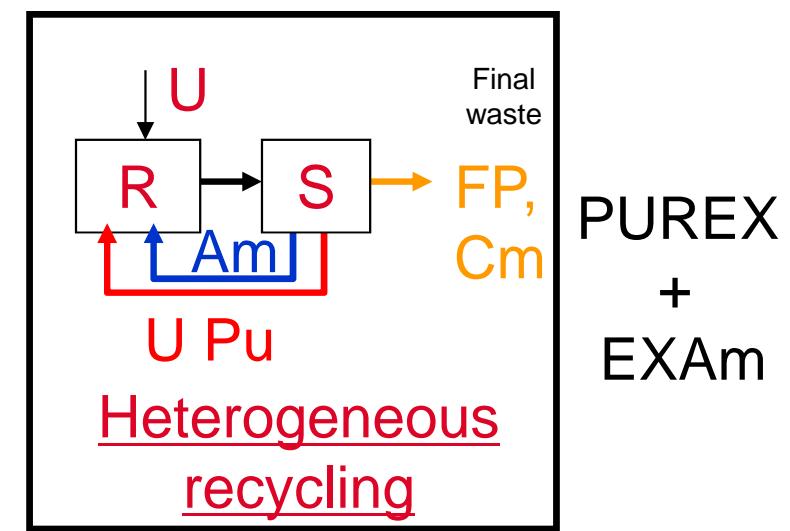
Recycling Am alone

- ↘ waste lifetime and radiotoxicity
- ↘ long term waste heat power → save repository resource

With Am recycling, reduction of the repository surface by a factor up to 8



C. Poinssot, C. Rostaing, P. Baron, D. Warin, B. Boullis *Procedia Chem.* **7**, 358–366 (2012).
C. Poinssot, C. Rostaing, S. Grandjean, B. Boullis, *Procedia Chem.* **7**, 349–357 (2012).



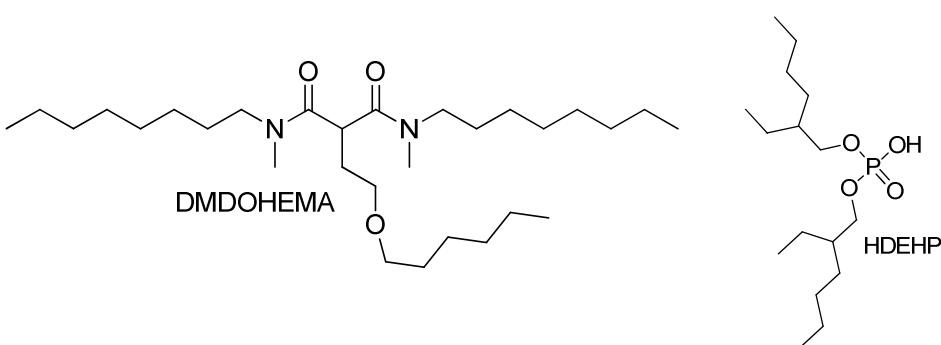
R = reactor S = separation FP = fission products

Am/Cm Separation

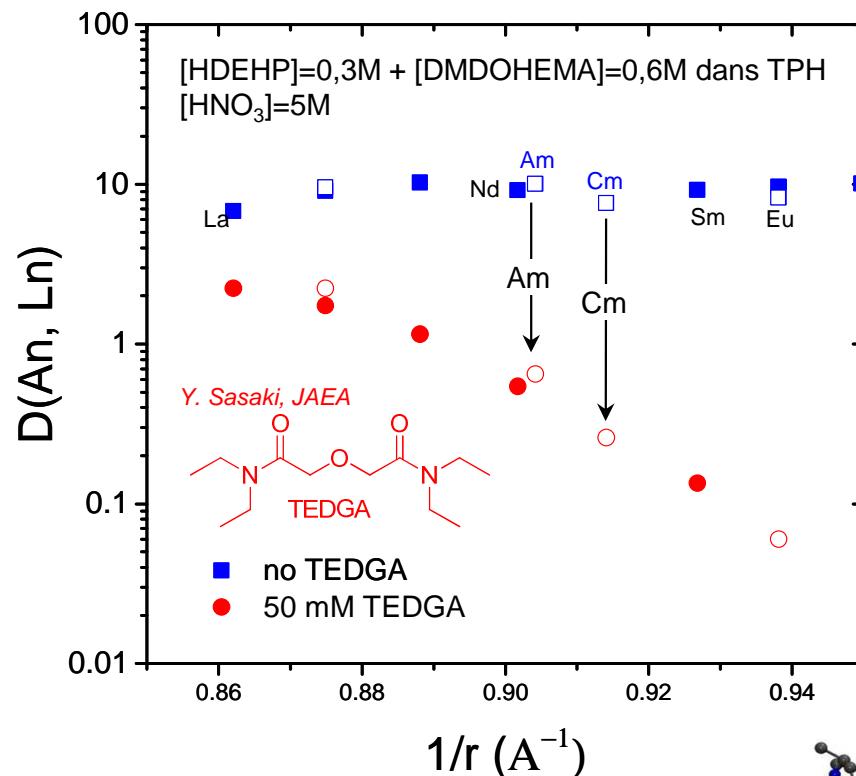
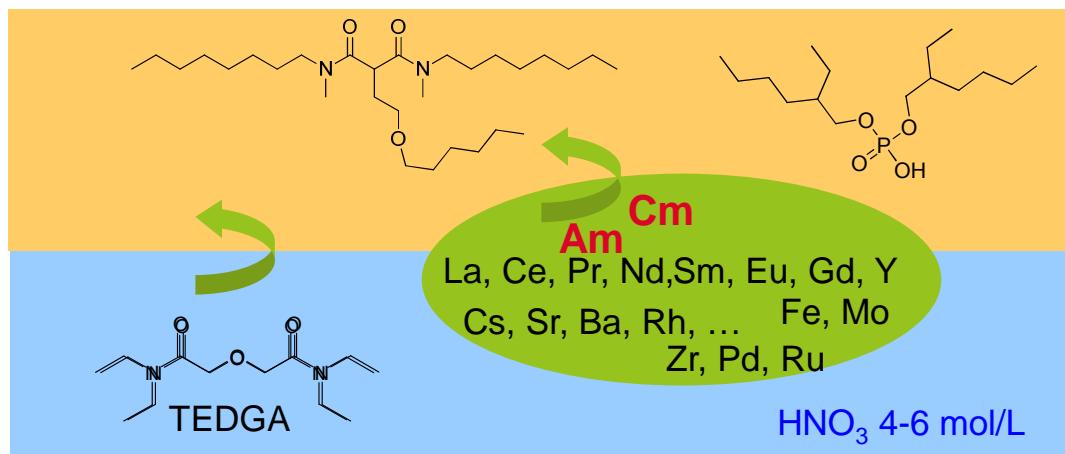
*M.-C. Charbonnel et al., *Procedia Chem.* **2012**, 7, 20–26.
 V. Pacary et al., *Procedia Chem.* **2012, 7, 328–333.

EXAm Liquid/Liquid Extraction Process

Selective Recovery of Americium alone from a PUREX raffinate (already cleared from U, Pu and Np).

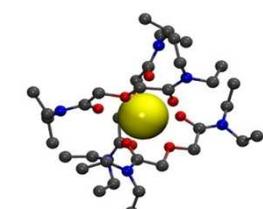


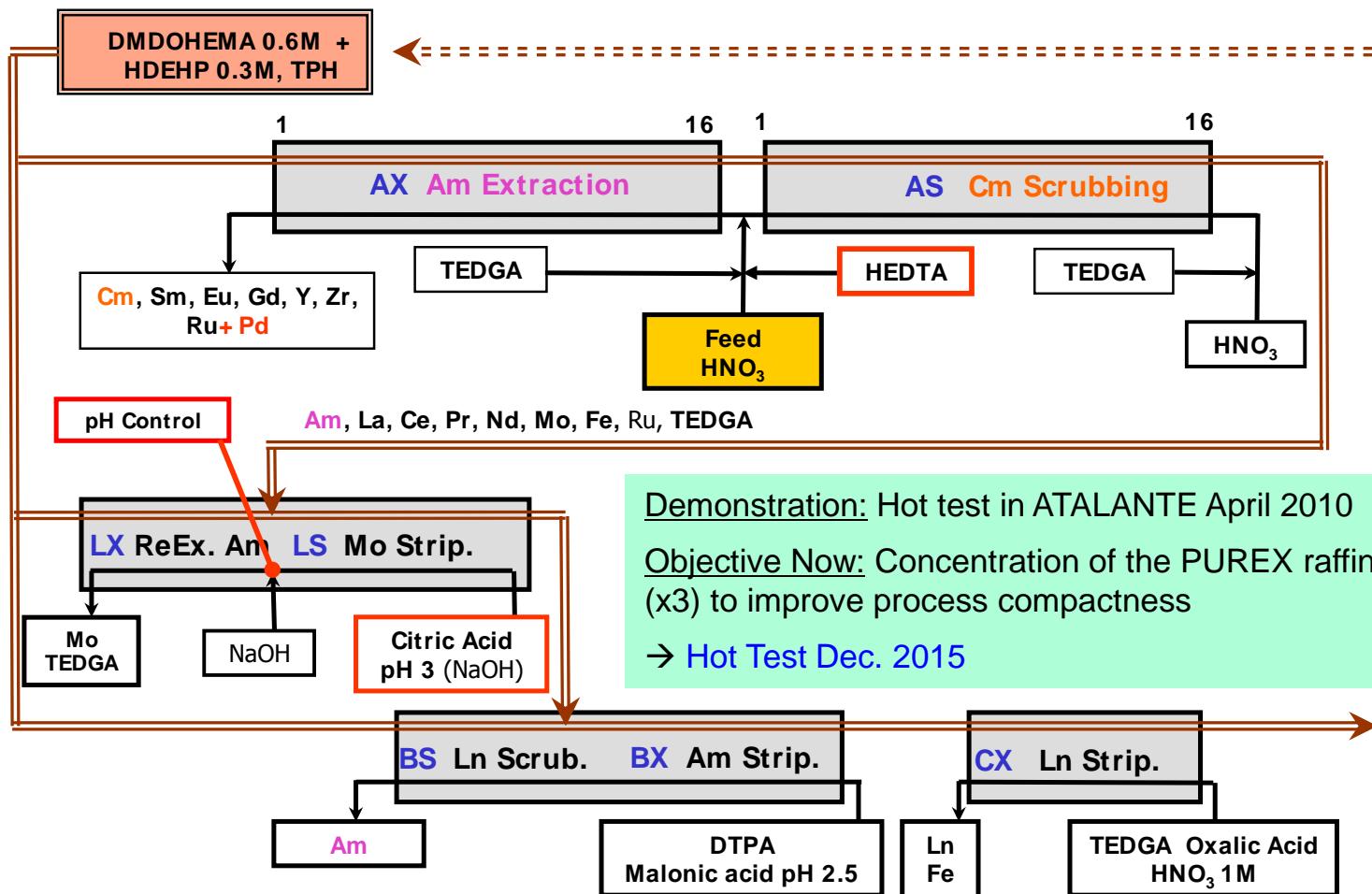
- Extractants alone → very low Am/Cm selectivity ($SF_{Am/Cm} = 1.6$)
- with TEDGA → $SF_{Am/Cm} = 2.5$



Complex Chemistry

- Org. Phase: Ternary complexes $\text{Ln}(\text{HDEHP})_x(\text{DMDOHEMA})_y$ [J. Muller Thesis](#)
- Aq. Phase: $\text{Ln}(\text{TEDGA})_n^{3+}$ ($n=1,2,3$) Stability constants (Ln , Am)*
 → $\text{Ln}(\text{TEDGA})_n(\text{D})_y$ in the Org. Phase ($n=1,2$)



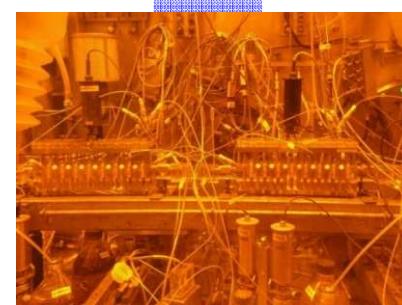


Axis of improvement:

- Lower partitioning of the ligand
- Complexing agent with higher Am/Cm selectivity
- Complexing agent with both Am/Cm AND Am/Ln selectivity



Cold and spiked tests



Hot test

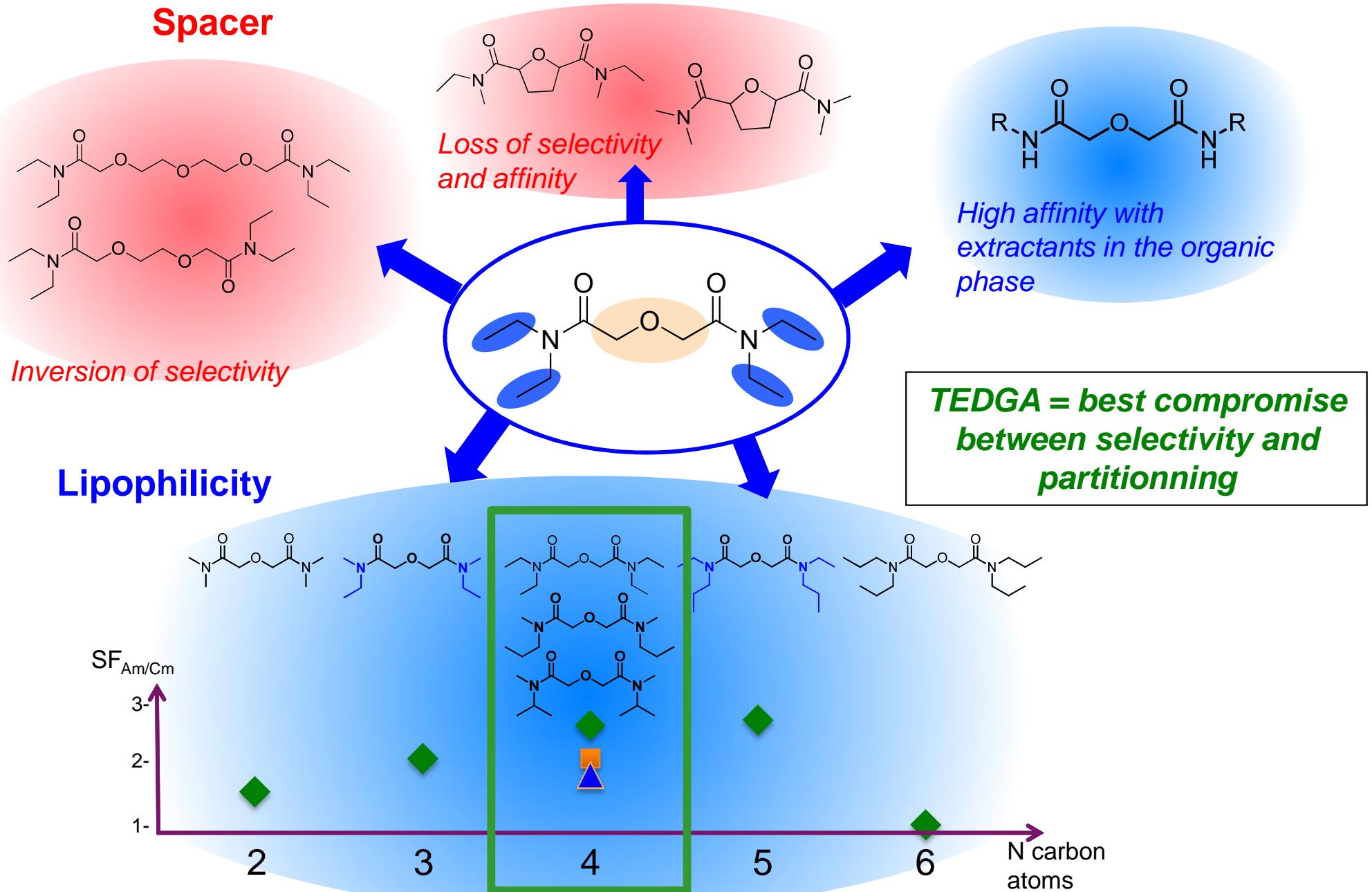


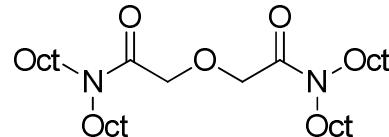
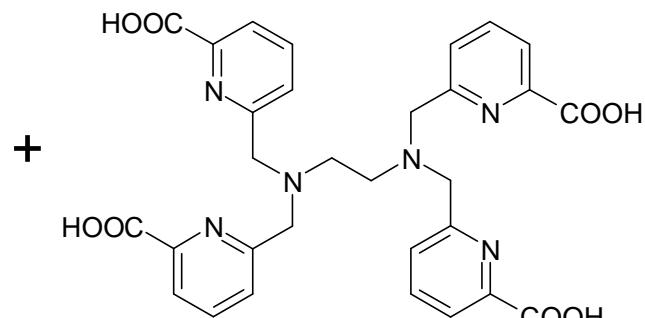
Oxalic co-conversion and U-Am oxide fabrication

Synthesis of new TEDGA Analogs

S. Chapron PhD

S. Chapron et al. SXIX (33) 236-248, 2015



TODGA**TPAEN**

D

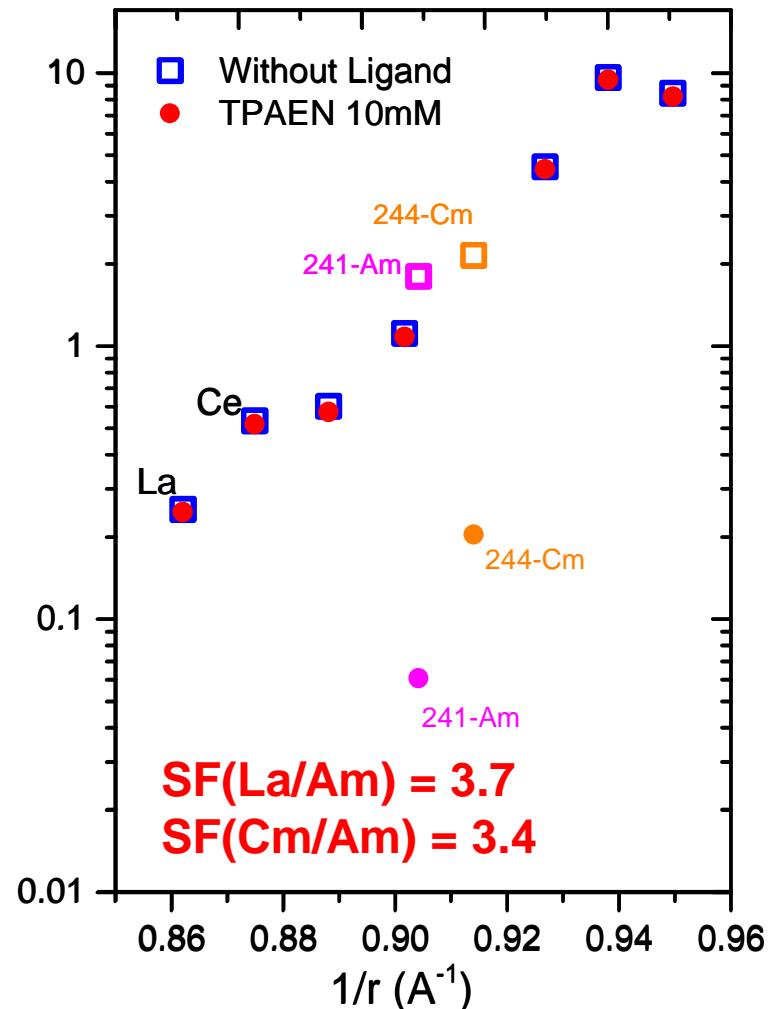
TPAEN = Am stripping agent**Solvent = 0.2M TODGA + 5% vol. octanol in TPH**1) Ln + Am and Cm loading at 1M HNO₃

| Element | La | Ce | Pr | Nd | Sm | Eu | Gd | Y | total |
|------------|-----|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| [] mmol/L | 3.8 | 0.35 | 0.29 | 1.5 | 8.3 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 20 |

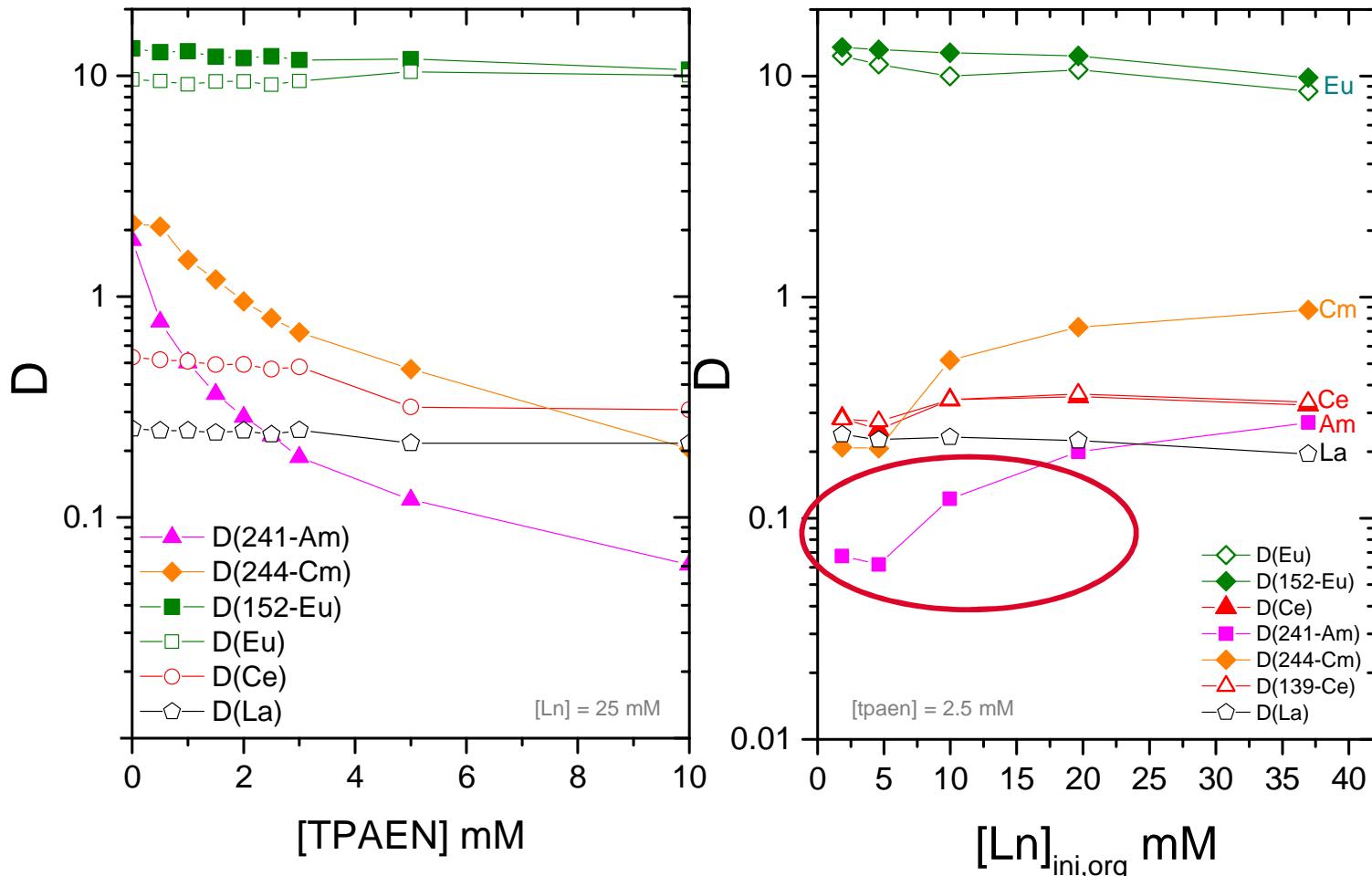
+ ²⁴¹Am, ²⁴⁴Cm

2) Stripping: TPAEN 10 mM at pH 1

Stirring 30min at 25 ° C


Light Ln/Am + Cm/Am separation
Low solubility of TPAEN (2.5 mM in HNO₃, 0.1M)

EFFECT OF TPAEN AND Ln CONCENTRATIONS



Experimental Conditions:

- Solvent = 0.2M TODGA + 5% vol. octanol in TPH, loaded with Ln (from La to Gd) ^{241}Am , ^{244}Cm , ^{152}Eu , ^{139}Ce traces at 1M HNO_3

• Stripping:
TPAEN at pH1, Stirring 30min at 25 ° C

+ Ln data by ICP-AES

It is not possible to separate Am from light Ln if $[\text{Ln}] > 15 \text{ mM}$

- No effect of TPAEN concentration on Ln distribution (at this acidity, $\text{pH}_{\text{éq}}=0.8$)
- Separation La/Am more limiting than Cm/Am
- $\text{SF}_{\text{Ln/Am}} \nearrow$ with [TPAEN]
- No effect of Ln concentration on Ln distribution → far from saturation of the solvent
- $\text{SF}_{\text{Ln/Am}} \searrow$ with [Ln] (strong dependance)

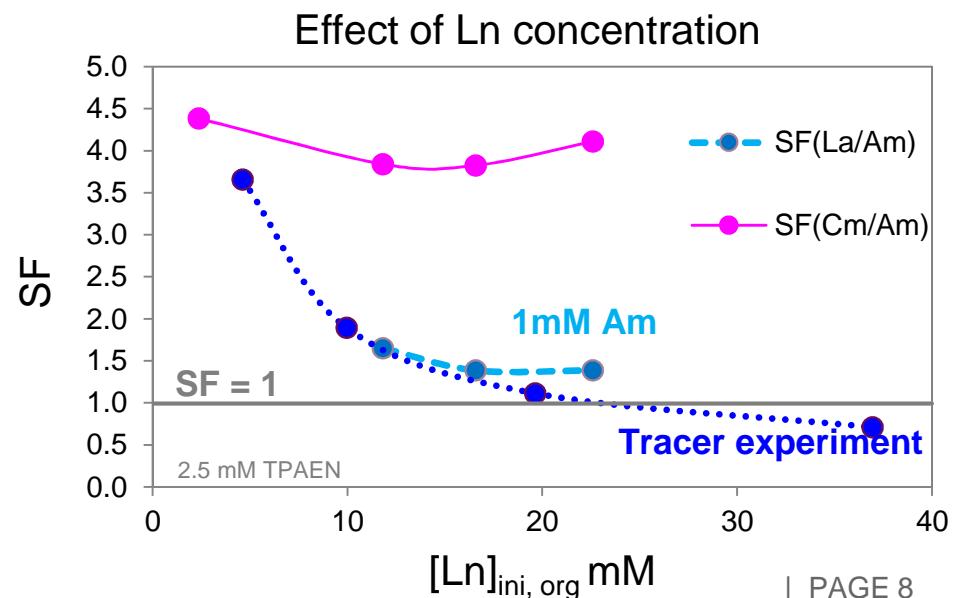
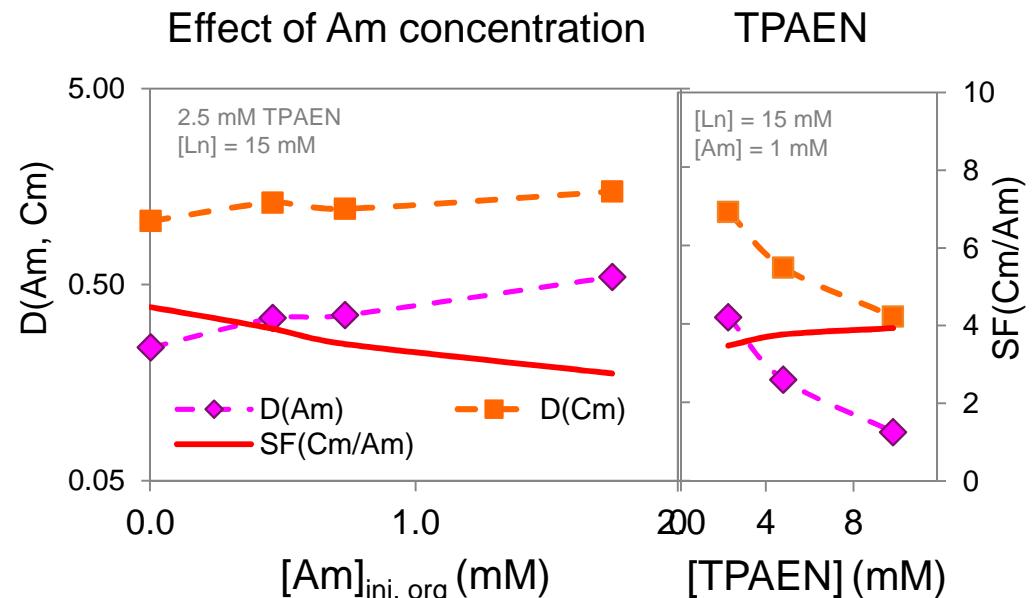
Experimental conditions

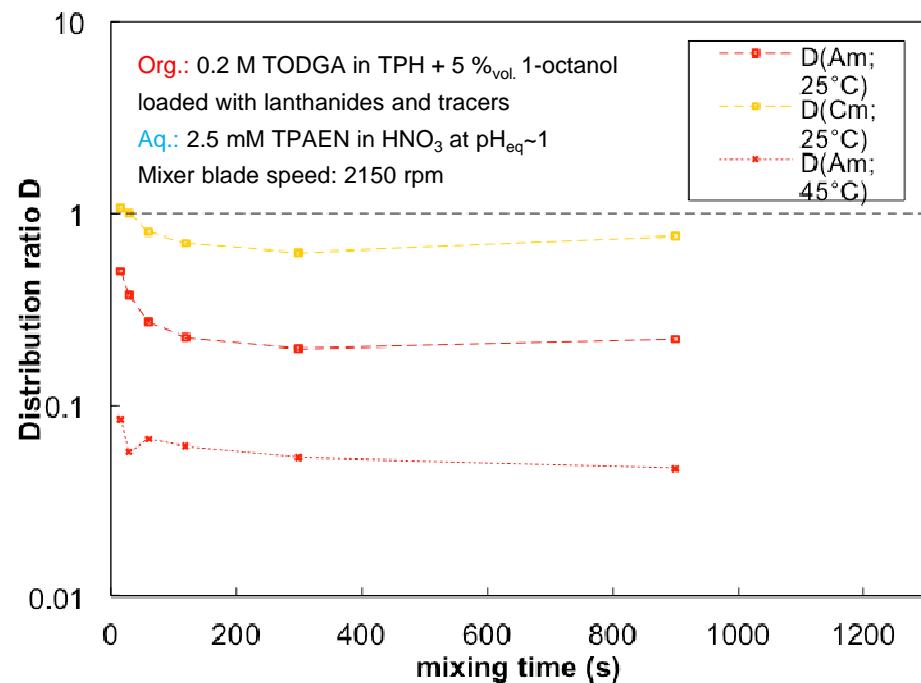
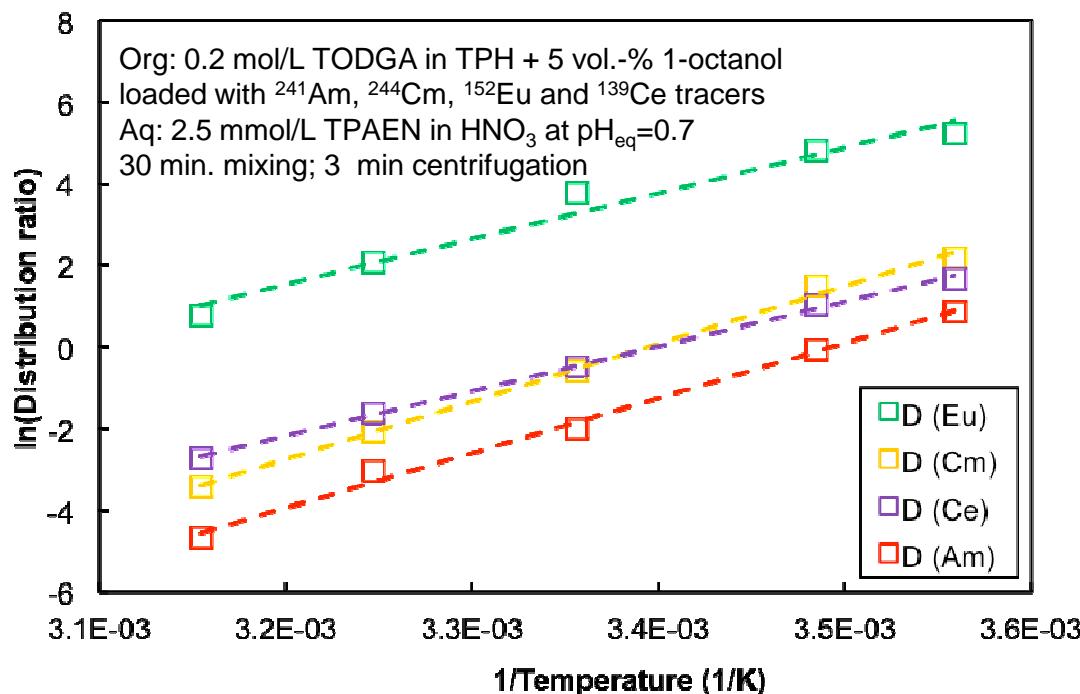
- Solvent = 0.2M TODGA + 5% vol. octanol in TPH
- Loaded with Ln (up to 20 mM), ^{241}Am (up to 2 mM), ^{244}Cm 7 μM (at 1M HNO_3)
- Stripping: TPAEN at pH1 Stirring 30min at 25° C

Parameters studied: [Ln], [Am], [TPAEN], Temp.

Results

- Important complexation capacity of Am
 $\rightarrow [\text{TPAEN}]/[\text{Am}]_{\text{aq}} = 2$
- Slight decrease of $\text{SF}_{\text{Cm}/\text{Am}}$ when ^{241}Am ↗
- Slight increase of $\text{SF}_{\text{Cm}/\text{Am}}$ when [TPAEN] ↗
- $\text{SF}_{\text{Ln}/\text{Am}}$ ↓ with [Ln] (strong dependance)
- $\text{SF}(\text{La}/\text{Am})$ ↗ with [TPAEN] and Temperature





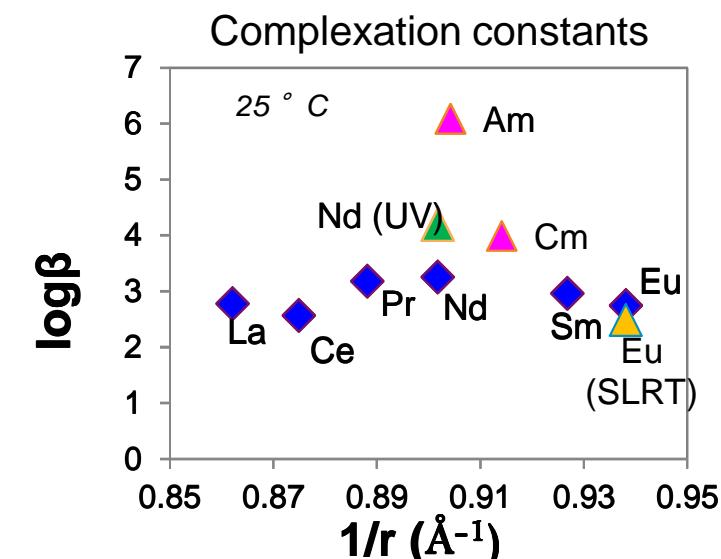
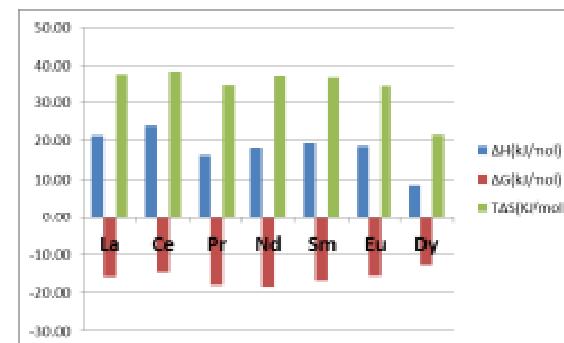
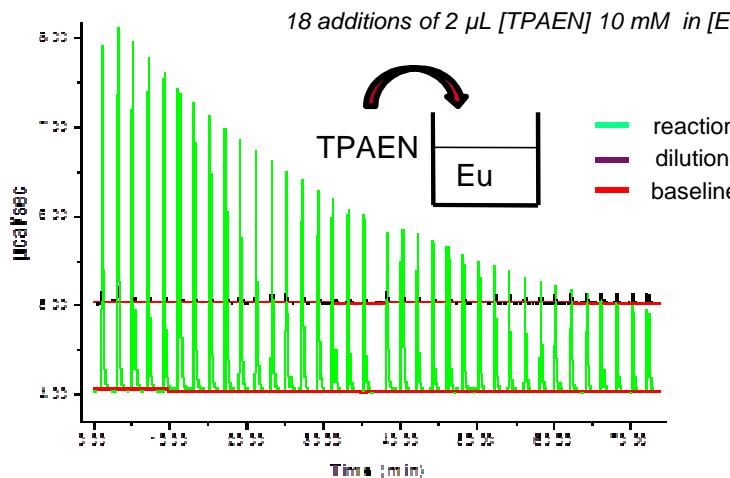
Results:

- Strongly exothermic extraction system
- Different slopes for Ln and An but similar within the group
- Separation factors are influenced by temperature
- Kinetics of An(III) significantly slower than Ln
- Faster Am stripping at high Temperature

| T (° C) | SF(Cm/Am) | SF(Ce/Am) |
|---------|-----------|-----------|
| 8 | 3.5 | 2.2 |
| 14 | 4.7 | 3.0 |
| 25 | 4.0 | 4.7 |
| 44 | 3.6 | 7.1 |

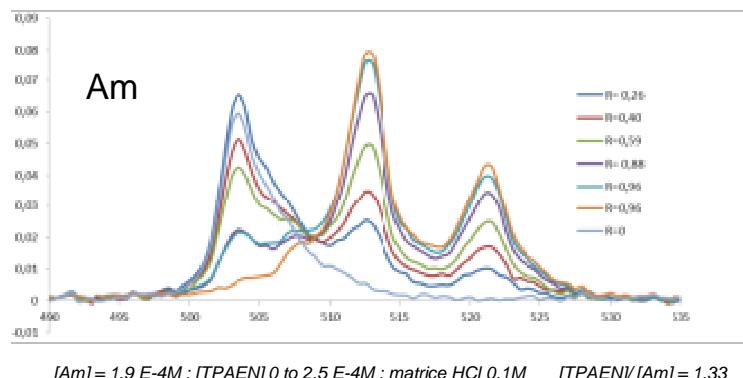
$\text{SF}_{\text{Ce/Am}} \nearrow \text{with Temperature}$

■ Calorimetry



Endothermic complexation reaction

■ UV-visible spectrophotometry → complexation constants



$$\log \beta (\text{Am-TPAEN}) = 6.1 \pm 0.2 \text{ at } 25^\circ \text{ C}$$

$$\log \beta (\text{Nd-TPAEN}) = 4.2 \pm 0.1 \text{ at } 25^\circ \text{ C}$$

■ TRFLS

[Eu] = 1 10^{-3} M and [TPAEN] = 0 to 1.17 10^{-2} M matrice HNO_3 0.1M

$$\log \beta (\text{Eu-TPAEN}) = 2.5 \text{ at } 25^\circ \text{ C} \quad 2.4 \text{ (KIT)}$$

$$\log \beta (\text{Cm-TPAEN}) = 4.0 \text{ at RT} \quad 4.3 \text{ (KIT)}$$

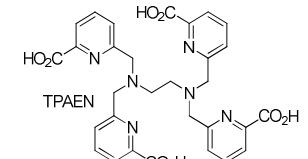
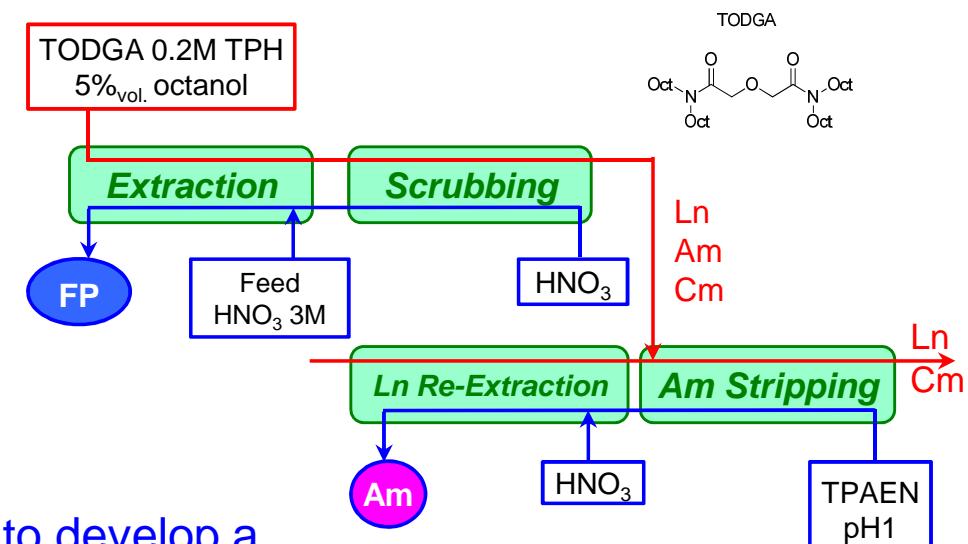
EXAm Process

- Demonstration of the scientific feasibility of the sole Americium separation from a PUREX raffinate in 1-cycle
- Process adapted to a concentrated raffinate ($\times 3$) in order to reduce contactors size
- Objective now = Recovery of Am for $(U,Am)O_2$ pellets fabrication

→ Last step = hot test on a concentrated raffinate in ATLANTE

TODGA + TPAEN

- Stripping of Am selectively from Cm and light Ln
- Light Ln / Am separation is difficult to achieve at high concentrations of Ln
- Perspectives:
 - Additional data acquisition (CEA + Jülich) to develop a thermodynamical model
 - Spiked test at Jülich in October 2015
 - Hot test at ITU on genuine PUREX raffinate
 - *Complexation studies: NMR, ESI-MS (Jessica Drader)*



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S. Bourg

Acknowledgments



G. Modolo
A. Wilden
P. Kaufholz



E. Russello
M.-T. Duchesne
V. Vanel
V. Pacary
M. Miguirditchian
S. Chapron
X. Hérès
F. Burdet
M.-J. Bollesteros
S. Costenoble
M-C. Charbonnel
P. Guilbaud ...

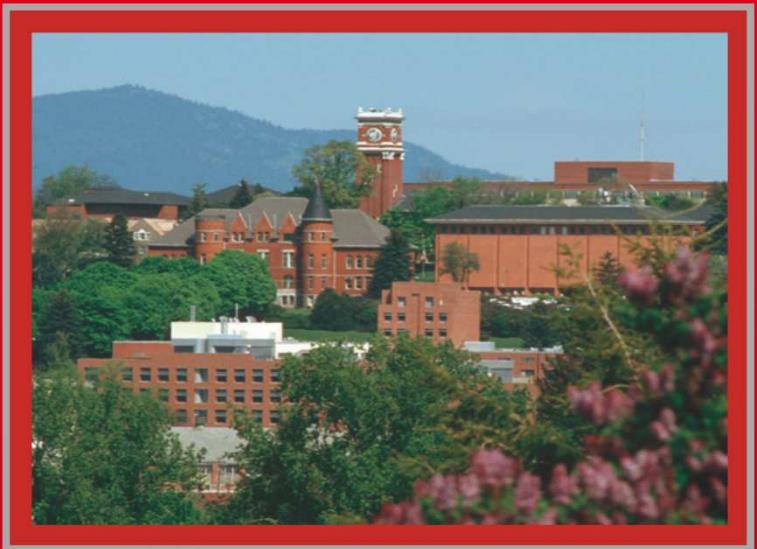


A. Casnati

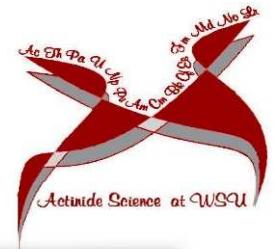


A. Geist

Acknowledgments



Ken Nash group



**THANK YOU FOR YOUR
ATTENTION !**

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