

Speciation and Thermodynamics Data to better describe the Efficiency of Actinides Separation by N,N-dialkylamides

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GLOBAL Conference PARIS(France) 21-24 September 2015 Speciation and Thermodynamics Data to Better Describe the Efficiency of Actinides Separation by N,N-dialkylamides

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Content

Introduction – Macroscopic results

System N,N-dialkylamide-U(VI)

- □ Structure of complexes
- Geometrical data in solid form (crystals)
- Speciation in organic solution (ESI-MS ; FTIR ; EXAFS)
- **Extraction Thermodynamic properties (calorimetry and Van t'Hoff)**
- System N,N-dialkylamide-Pu(IV)
 - □ Structure of complexes
 - Geometrical data in solid form (crystals)
 - Speciation in organic solution (ESI-MS ; FTIR ; EXAFS)
 - □ Thermodynamic properties (Van t'Hoff)





Extraction U(VI)/Pu(IV) by N,N-dialkylamides

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New investigations on the selectivity

Objective: Better knowledge about the influence of the ramification of alkyl chains



1/ Speciation and structural information

Geometry around the cation

- Crystals (XRD)
- In solution (EXAFS)

DEHBA

4.2

3.1

0.7

- Stoechiometry of complexes (ESI-MS, slope analysis)

DEHDMBA

3.3

0.90

3.6

 $C_1 = 1 \text{ mol.} I^{-1} \text{ in dodecane-} [HNO_3] = 3 \text{ mol.} L^{-1}$



2/ Thermodynamic properties related to the extraction

DEHiBA

1.5

0.07

20.7

Describe **the distribution** of a solute as a single net equilibrium and application of classical mass balance

 $M^{m+} + b NO_3^- + n E \Leftrightarrow \overline{M(NO_3)_bE_n}$

K°_{ext}







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Ligand

 D_{II}

 D_{Pu}

SF_{U/Pu}











Identical coordination sphere for all complexes

Stoichiometry 1:2 (2 monoamides and 2 bidentate nitrates)CN = 6

≻Hexagonal bi-pyramide

Similar distances

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| | DBBA | BEBA | DBiBA |
|-----------------------|----------|-----------|-----------------|
| U-O _{ligand} | 2.343(1) | 2.325(1) | 2.344(1) |
| C=O (Å) | 1.247(1) | 1.256(1) | 1.251(1) |
| C-N (Å) | 1.295(1) | 1.165(1)* | 1.323(1) |
| U-O-C-N (°) | 163.6(1) | 155.4(1) | 89.9(1)/96.4(1) |
| | | | 2 |

free amide : d_{C=O} = 1.23 - 1.24 Å d_{C-N} = 1.32 - 1.34 Å

Influence of ramified alkyl chains

DBiBA: isopropyl group turns towards the cation – significant steric constrains and distorsion (torsion angle)



 \Rightarrow Less favorable configuration

C. Tamain et al, 9th international conference on f-elements, Oxford, 6-9 Sept 2015



Nature of U(VI)-amides complexes in solution (1)

-5

0

2

4

6 k (Å⁻¹) 8

10

12



- Model from solid compounds suitable with organic samples: 2 amides and 2 bidentate and symetrical nitrate
- > No modification with ramification of alkyl chain





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Same stoechiometry 1:2 with the 3 amides

Nature of U(VI)-amides complexes in solution (2)



 $[U(VI)]= 5.10^{-4}M$; $[L]= 5.10^{-4}M$; $[HNO_3]= 0.03 \text{ M}$ in CH_3CN-H_2O Skimmer 30 V

Same stoechiometry 1:2 (predominant) and 1:3 with the 3 amides

Slope method (log $D_U = f(\log c_{free amide})$

stoechiometry 1:2

N. Condamines and C. Musikas. SEIE. **10** (1). 69-100 (1992) V. K. Manchanda et al. Nucl. Technol. **134** (3). 231-240 (2001). P. N. Pathak et al.. Radiochimica Acta **89** (7). 447-452 (2001)

$$\mathrm{UO}_2^{2+} + 2\,\mathrm{NO}_3^- + 2\,\overline{\mathrm{L}} \rightarrow \overline{\mathrm{UO}_2(\mathrm{NO}_3)_2(\mathrm{L})_2}$$

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Extraction U(VI) - Thermodynamic properties (1)



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Extraction U(VI) - Thermodynamic properties (2)



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Extraction of U(VI) - conclusions

$\mathrm{UO}_{2}^{2+} + 2 \,\mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-} + 2 \,\overline{\mathrm{L}} \rightarrow \overline{\mathrm{UO}_{2}(\mathrm{NO}_{3})_{2}(\mathrm{L})_{2}}$



Similar complexes 1:2 with the 3 amides

Similar thermodynamic properties with the 3 amides: compensation between ΔH and T ΔS

No influence of the steric hindrance of the radical



Structure of M(IV)-amides complexes (crystals X-ray diffraction)



136.1(5)

2.43(1)

104.2(8)

2.472(2)

136.3(9)

2.457(2)

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U-O-C-N (°)

M-O_{nitrate} (Å)

Nature of Pu(IV)-amides complexes in solution (1)

Slope analysis





 $[Pu(IV)]{=}~5.10^{\text{-4}}\text{M}$; $[L]{=}~5.10^{\text{-4}}\text{M}$; $[HNO_3]{=}~0.04$ M dans CH3CN-H2O

L = DEHDMBA

Same stoechiometry 1:2 (predominant) and 1:3 with the 3 amides

Nature of Pu(IV)-amides complexes in solution (2)



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Extraction Pu(IV) - Thermodynamic properties (1)

Pu⁴⁺ + 4 NO⁻₃ + 2
$$\overline{L} \rightarrow \overline{Pu(NO_3)_4(L)_2}$$

$$\ln K_{ext} = \left(\frac{-\Delta H^{app}}{R}\right) \times \frac{1}{T} + \left(\frac{\Delta S^{app}}{R}\right)$$





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Extraction Pu(IV) - Thermodynamic properties (2)

Pu⁴⁺ + 4 NO₃⁻ +
$$n\overline{L} \rightarrow \overline{Pu(NO_3)_4(L)n}$$



Presence of complexes with outer sphere amide

Detailed analysis to identify the driving force

$$\frac{1}{\Delta} (\Delta_{\text{ext}} G^{\circ})_{\text{L2/L1}} = \Delta(\Delta_{\text{dehydration}} G^{\circ})_{\text{L2/L1}} + \Delta(\Delta_{\text{coordination}} G^{\circ})_{\text{L2/L1}} + \Delta(\Delta_{\text{solvation}} G^{\circ})_{\text{L2/L1}}$$

$$2/\Delta(\Delta_{ext}G^{\circ})_{Pu/U} = \Delta(\Delta_{ext}H^{\circ})_{Pu/U} - T\Delta(\Delta_{ext}S^{\circ})_{Pu/U}$$

Further analysis:

- check the nature of complexes with other amides and in less acidic

conditions, if necessary, addition of equilibria (with related thermodynamic

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Conclusion

Selectivity U(VI)/Pu(IV) by dialkylamide extractants

- extraction of U(VI): no (small) influence of ramified alkyl chain on structure and on thermodynamic properties

- extraction of Pu(IV): influence of ramified alkyl chain on C=O

- no influence in solid phase (first amide-Pu crystal!)
- amides are partially present in the outer sphere
- thermodynamic properties (enthalpy and entropy) modified

The selectivity U(VI)/Pu(IV) comes from the behaviour of Pu(IV): furthet studies will focuse on this cation

Interest of multi techniques approach for such complex systems.

Importance of speciation insight to complete the thermodynamic approach



Calorimetry

N. Boubals F. Rodrigues (PhD)

ESI-MS L. Berthon N. Zorz N. Martin (student)

EXAFS *T. Dumas*

DFT calculations

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XRD C. Tamain Y. Hacene Cherkaski (student)

Thank you for your attention

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