

New methods to estimate the internal pressure of xenon in fission bubbles using SEM-EPMA-SIMS and EBSD in irradiated fuels

C. Cagna, I. Zacharie-Aubrun, P. Bienvenu, B. Michel, L. Barrallier

► To cite this version:

C. Cagna, I. Zacharie-Aubrun, P. Bienvenu, B. Michel, L. Barrallier. New methods to estimate the internal pressure of xenon in fission bubbles using SEM-EPMA-SIMS and EBSD in irradiated fuels. EMAS 2015 - 14th European Workshop on Modern Developments and Applications in Microbeam Analysis, May 2015, Portoroz, Slovenia. cea-02492538

HAL Id: cea-02492538 https://cea.hal.science/cea-02492538

Submitted on 27 Feb 2020 $\,$

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers. L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

FROM RESEARCH TO INDUSTRY







New methods to estimate the internal pressure of xenon in fission bubbles using SEM-EPMA-SIMS and EBSD in irradiated fuels

C. CAGNA, I. ZACHARIE-AUBRUN, P. BIENVENU, B. MICHEL – CEA Cadarache, DEC L. BARRALLIER – Arts et Métiers ParisTech, Laboratory MSMP



EMAS2015

5 MAY 2015

www.cea.fr





II. ESTIMATING THE PRESSURE IN BUBBLES

- Direct method : Measurement by SEM/EPMA/SIMS
- □ Indirect method :
 - Strain measurement by EBSD/cross-correlation,
 - Finite element modeling to calculate the pressure





II. ESTIMATING THE PRESSURE IN BUBBLES

FROM RESEARCH TO INDUSTRY

I- CONTEXT



Radial section of a pellet



I- CONTEXT

- Modeling is an essential tool that is now seeking to translate all phenomena and calculate all physical quantities (temperature, stress, swelling, release of fission gas...) that modify the behavior of PWR fuels.
- Providing new experimental data, such as fission gas bubbles pressure, is a way to validate and improve the models' predictions of the fuel behaviour during :
 - Nominal Irradiation



Power ramps

Accidental situation – RIA (Reactivity Insertion Accident)



- In solution inside the fuel
- Intra- and/or intergranular bubbles



Coalescence of bubbles after a ramp



HBS in MOX

I- CONTEXT

Experimental data from the literature



Bubbles pressure versus radius at 300K

J.Noirot, JNM 372, 2008,

K.Nogita, Nuclear Instruments and Methods in Physics Research B, 141, 481-486,1998 |

EMAS | 5 May 2015 | PAGE 6



II. ESTIMATING THE PRESSURE IN BUBBLES

- Direct method : Measurement by SEM/EPMA/SIMS
- □ Indirect method :
 - Strain measurement by EBSD/cross-correlation,
 - Finite element modeling to calculate the pressure

III- ESTIMATING THE PRESSURE IN BUBBLES – GLOBAL METHODOLOGY

Measuring the amount of xenon in **bubbles**

Measuring the volume fraction of **bubbles**







Morphology Image analysis



5000

0 0



1000

SIMS crater

SIMS depth profile





Quantity of xenon inside the bubbles

500 Time in s





III- ESTIMATING THE PRESSURE IN BUBBLES – SINGLE BUBBLE METHODOLOGY





III- ESTIMATING THE PRESSURE IN BUBBLES – SINGLE BUBBLE METHODOLOGY

SEM-BSE (20kV) SEM-SE (20kV)

- An area with isolated bubbles just below the surface is identified by SEM and EPMA.
- Opened bubbles are identified by a second sweep by SEM and EPMA.



SIMS abrasion



Depth profile by SIMS



EMAS | 5 May 2015 | PAGE 11



II. ESTIMATING THE PRESSURE IN BUBBLES

- Direct method : Measurement by SEM/EPMA/SIMS
- □ Indirect method :
 - Strain measurement by EBSD/cross-correlation,
 - Finite element modeling to calculate the pressure

III- ESTIMATING THE PRESSURE IN BUBBLES BY EBSD

The stress applied to a material will lead to a **distortion** of its crystal lattice and thus a movement of bands on the EBSD Kikuchi diagram.

Strain precision estimated at ~2.10-4



Two diagrams are taken from a grain, one in a unstrained region (reference) and another in a strained region.



It is then possible to calculate at any point of the sample the elastic strain and rotation tensors of the crystal lattice.

Réf : A.J. Wilkinson *et a*l., Ultramicroscopy, 106, 307-313, 2006 T. Britton, A.J. Wilkinson, Ultramicroscopy, 111, 1395-1404, 2011 FROM RESEARCH TO INDUST

First step : calibration



Center point of the line = unstrained reference. EBSD patterns are compared to this reference.

- In order to validate the results, the four-point bending experiment was simulated by a FE model assuming anisotropic elasticity of cubic materials ($C_{11} = 396$ Gpa, $C_{12} = 121$ Gpa, $C_{44} = 64$ Gpa).
- According to the calculations, the shear strain should be null over the area. It appears that some points are over 2.10⁻⁴. Special care is required to avoid any projection parameters variations, with a flat and parallel sample surface to the stage surface.

FROM RESEARCH TO INDUSTR

III- ESTIMATING THE PRESSURE IN BUBBLES BY EBSD

From calibration to irradiated fuels

With a finite element model it is possible to estimate the strain reached around the bubbles in irradiated fuels for different microstructures



Rb : Bubble radius



II. ESTIMATING THE PRESSURE IN BUBBLES



SEM/EPMA/SIMS method

- This study will be continued with the aim of adjusting acquisition confitins and adapting the SIMS beam to detect a smaller number of bubbles.
- Work is performed to improve the precision and accuracy of the results by working on the measurement of the bubble diameter (FIB-SEM), peak intensity and the equation of state.
- The results will be compared to a more global method.

- EBSD and Cross-Correlation method
- Application of the method on material models such as ceramics implanted in xenon.
- Application on irradiated fuels thanks to a FIB-SEM in a hot lab.
- A finite-element model is developed to determine strain caused by bubbles in the irradiated fuel and therefore fission gas pressure.



Finite-element model

Thank you for your attention

Commissariat à l'énergie atomique et aux énergies alternatives	DEN
Centre de Cadarache 13108 Saint Paul Lez Durance	DEC
T. +33 (0)4 42 25 53 10	SA3C
celine.cagna@cea.fr	LEMC

Etablissement public à caractère industriel et commercial RCS Paris B 775 685 019