



Behaviour of ion irradiated chromium coatings on zircaloy-4 substrate

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BEHAVIOUR OF ION IRRADIATED CHROMIUM COATINGS ON ZIRCALOY-4 SUBSTRATE

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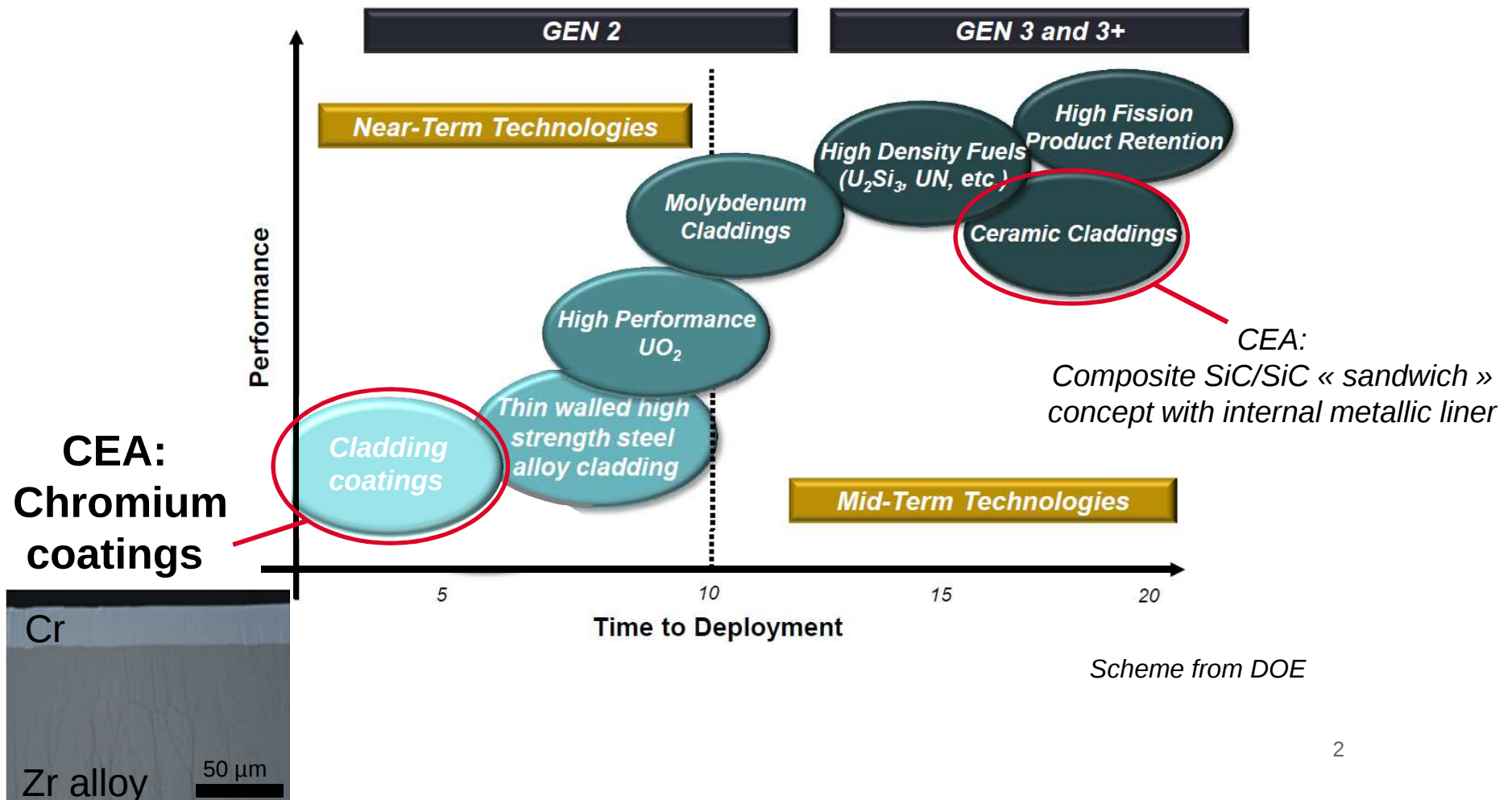
NuMat 2016

Montpellier, FRANCE

7-10 November, 2016

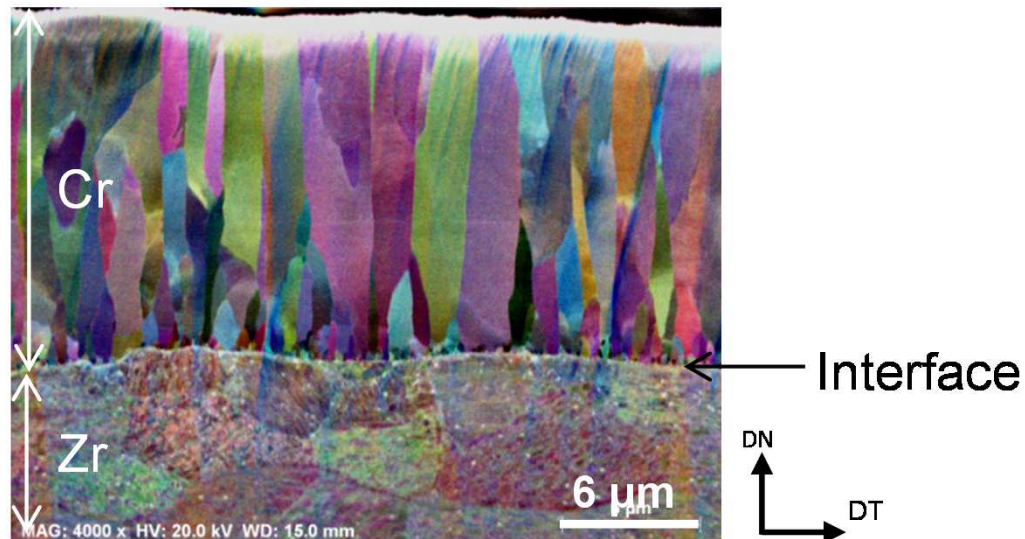


- Worldwide, several « Enhanced **Accidental Tolerant Fuels** » (EATF) concepts for LWRs are considered:



- **Nominal conditions:**
- **Very good corrosion resistance** at 360°C in pressurized water with PWR chemistry and at 415°C in steam (100 bars) > 200 days
=> formation of less than 0,1µm thick Cr₂O₃
- As previously shown by *J. Bischoff et al previous talk*, **negligible impact of the Cr coating on the as-received mechanical behavior** of Cr coated Zirc-4 and M5® claddings

➤ Behaviour of Cr coated Zr base claddings under irradiation?



Irradiated chromium:

- Hardening / Embrittlement?

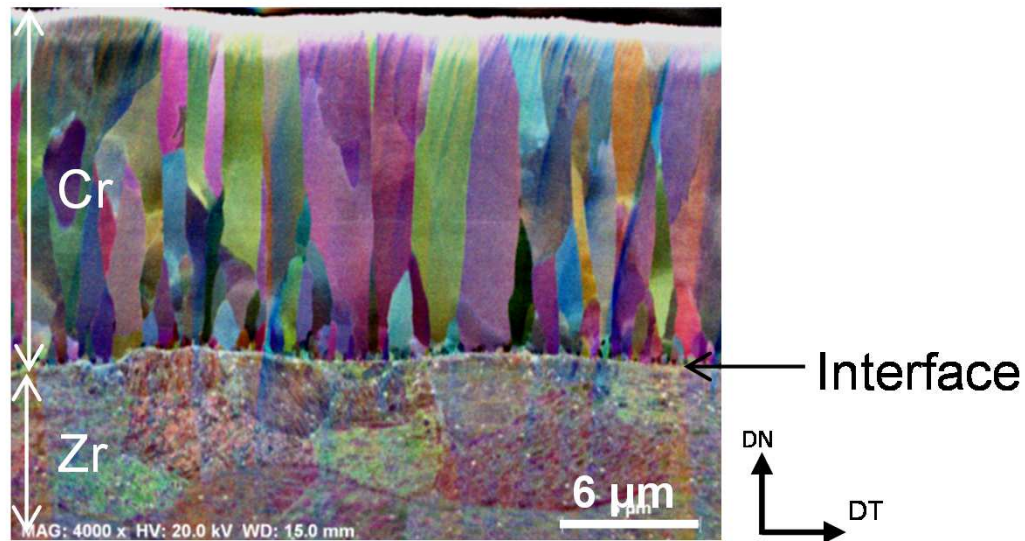
Zr/Cr irradiated interface:

- Chemical stability?
- Coherency? Crystallinity?
- Intermetallics (ZrCr_2) formation at the Zr-Cr interface? & their stability upon irradiation?

Irradiated zirconium substrate:

- Is there any coating consumption due to accelerated diffusion of chromium within Zr substrate?

➤ Behaviour of Cr coated Zr base claddings under irradiation?



Irradiated chromium:

- Hardening / Embrittlement?

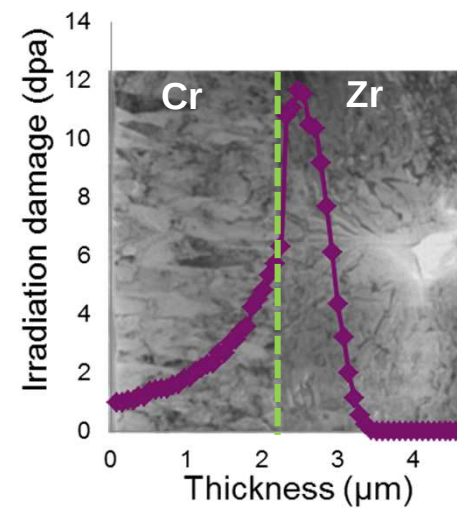
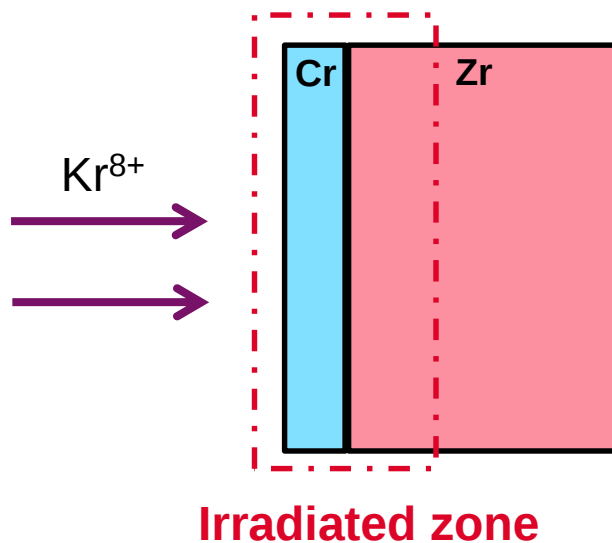
Zr/Cr irradiated interface:

- Chemical stability?
- Coherency? Crystallinity?
- Intermetallics (ZrCr_2) formation at the Zr-Cr interface? & their stability upon irradiation?

Irradiated zirconium substrate:

- Is there any coating consumption due to accelerated diffusion of chromium within Zr substrate?

- Ion irradiations performed to get some fundamental insights on irradiation effects (*and thus to anticipate neutron irradiation behavior*)
- Ex-situ irradiation (Jannus Saclay)
 - Bulk material
 - Ions Kr^{8+}
 - Energy 20 MeV
 - Irradiation temperature 400°C
 - Average flux $2,8 \cdot 10^{11} \text{ ion.cm}^{-2}.\text{s}^{-1}$
 - ~ 6 hours irradiation
 - Dose $5,97 \cdot 10^{15} \text{ ions.cm}^{-2}$
 - Damage at the interface: ~10 dpa

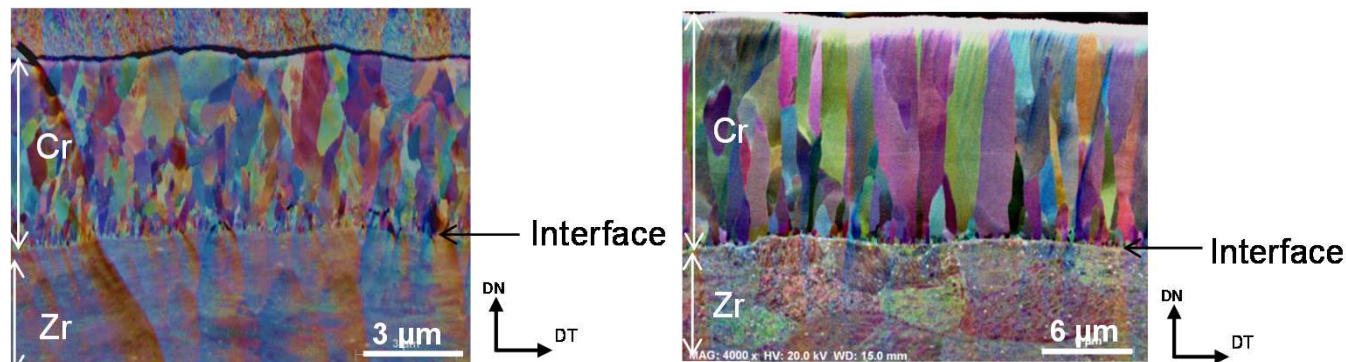


CHROMIUM COATING BEFORE IRRADIATION

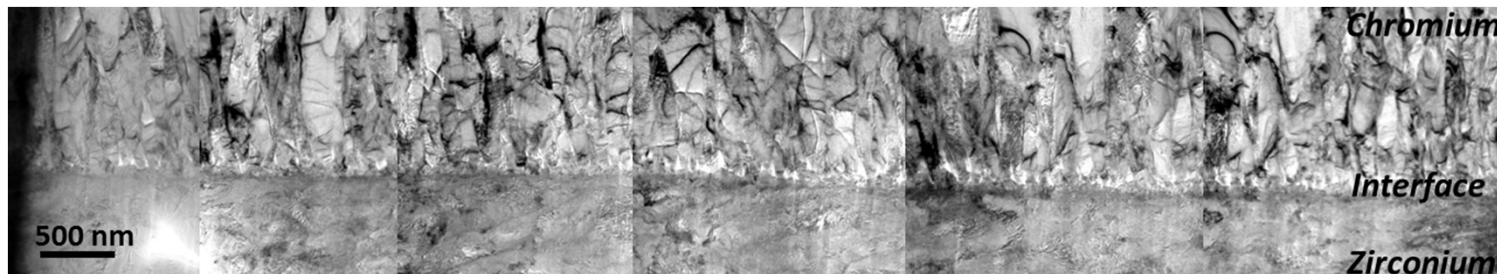
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- For the purpose of this comprehensive study, different as-received coating microstructures produced/studied (different thicknesses, grain sizes...)

Typical chromium grains morphologies studied:



- Transmission Electron Microscopy characterisations:

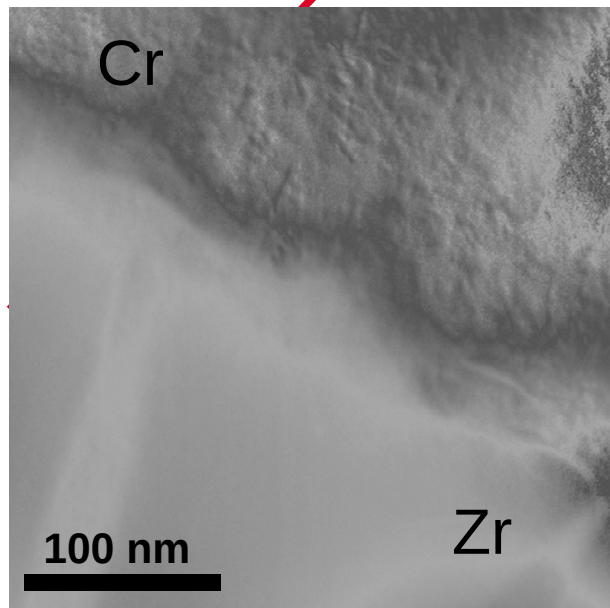
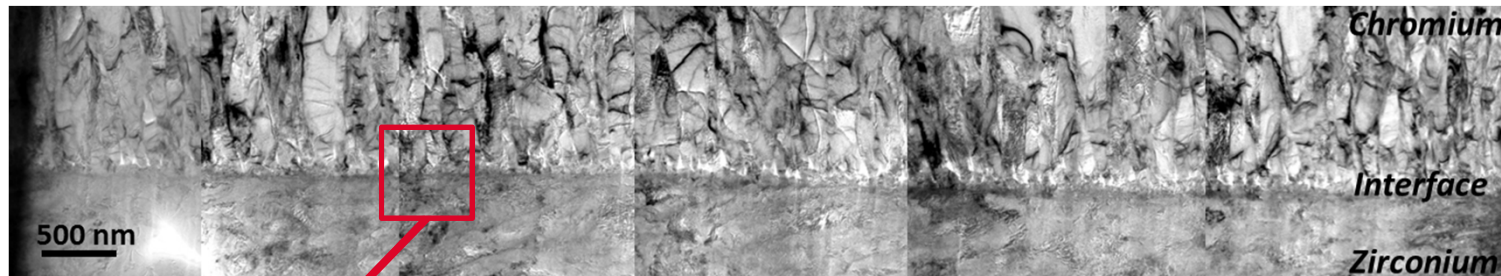


- No microcracks, no voids at the interface
- Fully dense coatings, very good chromium / zirconium bonding

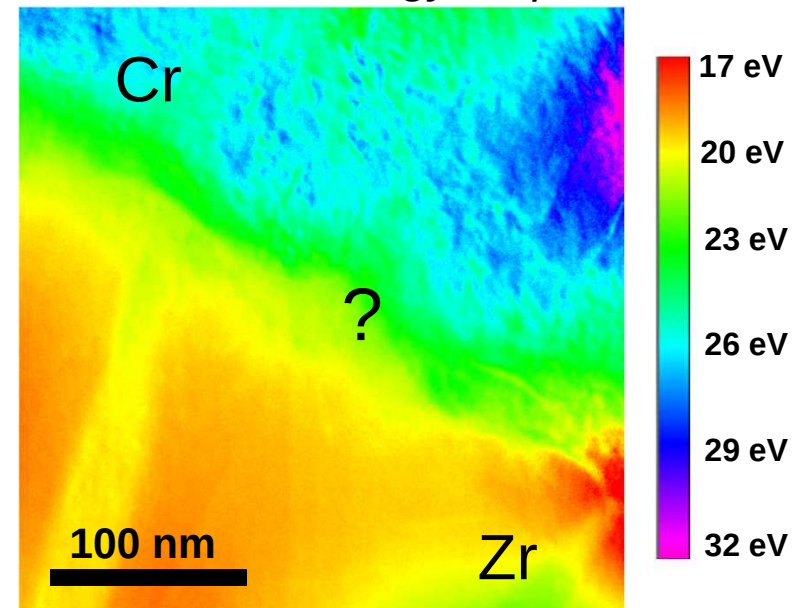
CHROMIUM/ ZIRC-4 INTERFACE BEFORE IRRADIATION (1/4)

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- TEM observation of a FIB thin foil sample



Plasmons energy map

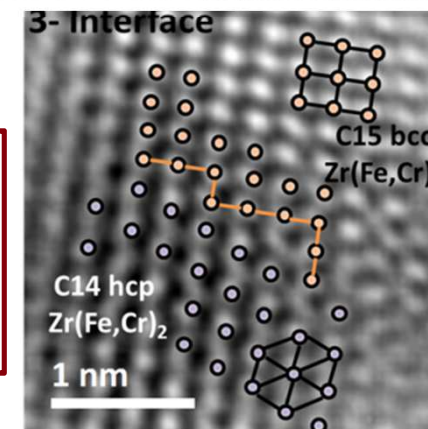
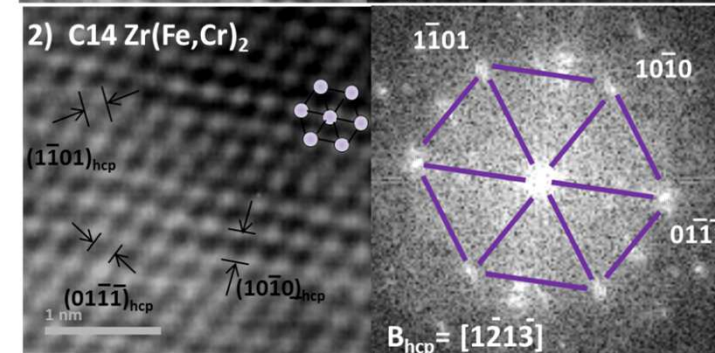
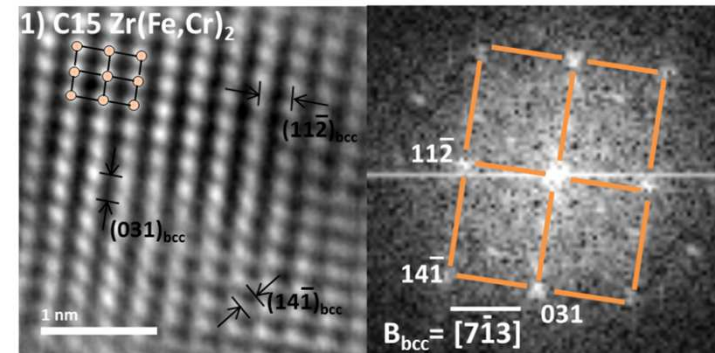
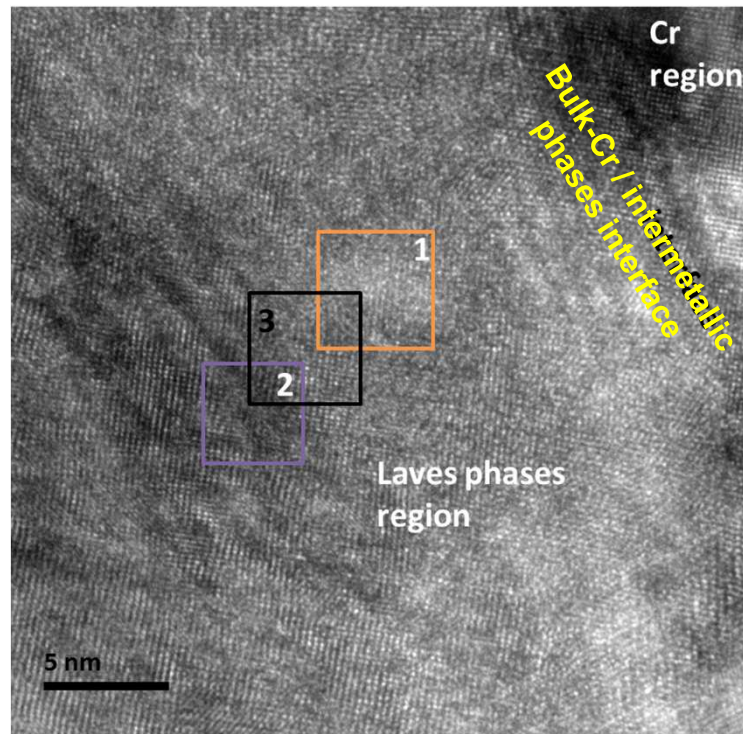


- Plasmons energy showing intermediate values at the interface?

CHROMIUM/ ZIRC-4 INTERFACE BEFORE IRRADIATION (2/4)

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- High Resolution TEM (HRTEM) observation of a FIB thin foil sample

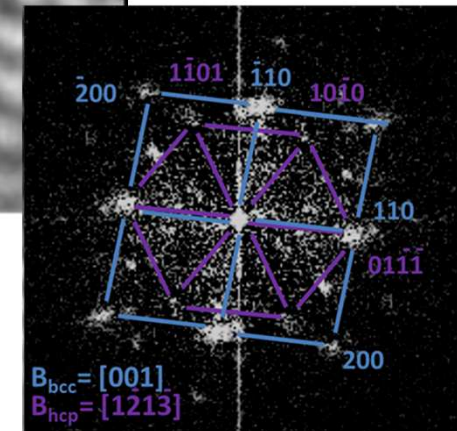
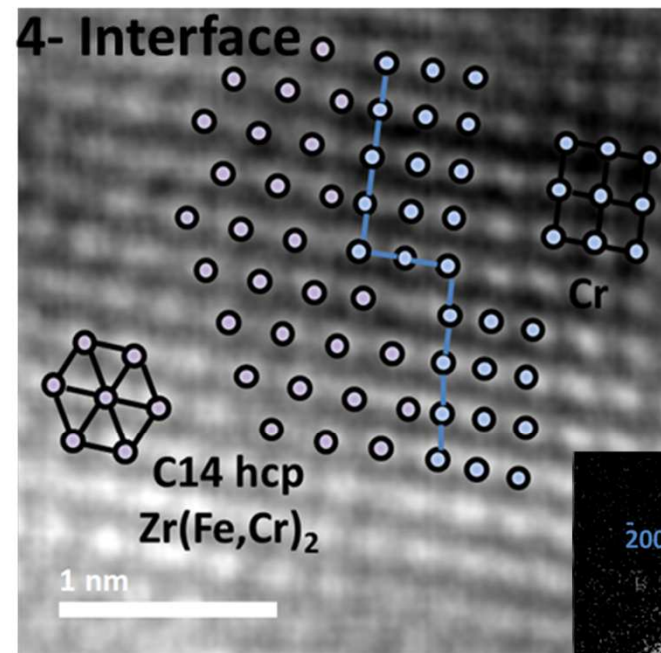
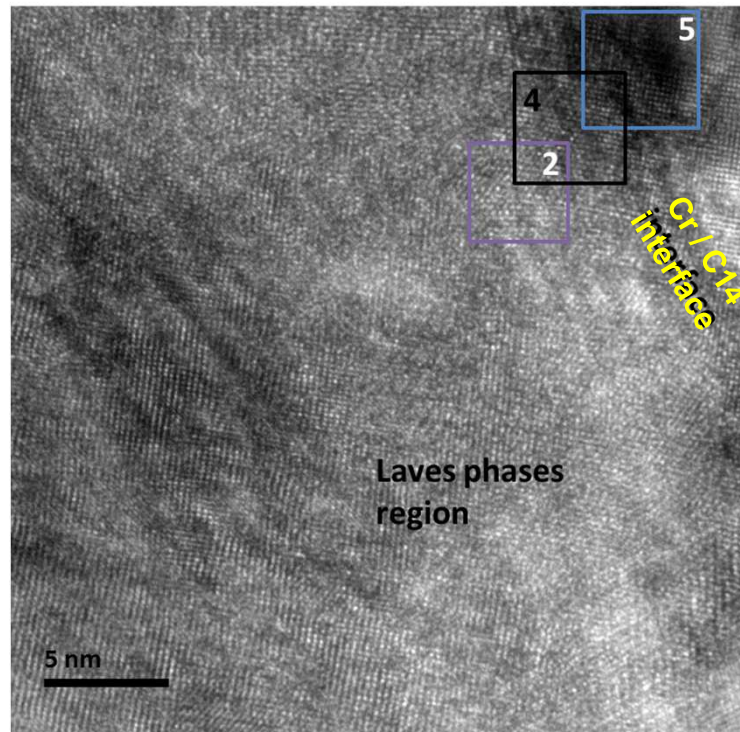


- Two intermetallic Laves phases $\text{Zr}(\text{Cr,Fe})_2$:
C14 (hcp) & C15 (bcc) evidenced at Zr-Cr interface
=> polytype structure of the Laves phases (interface) layers

CHROMIUM/ ZIRC-4 INTERFACE BEFORE IRRADIATION (3/4)

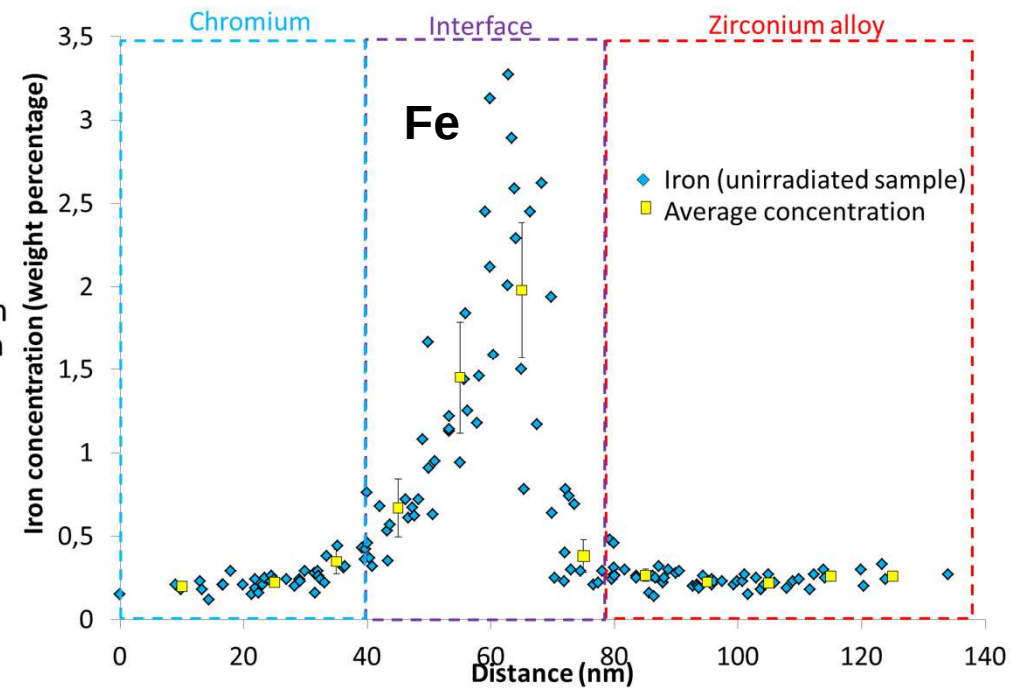
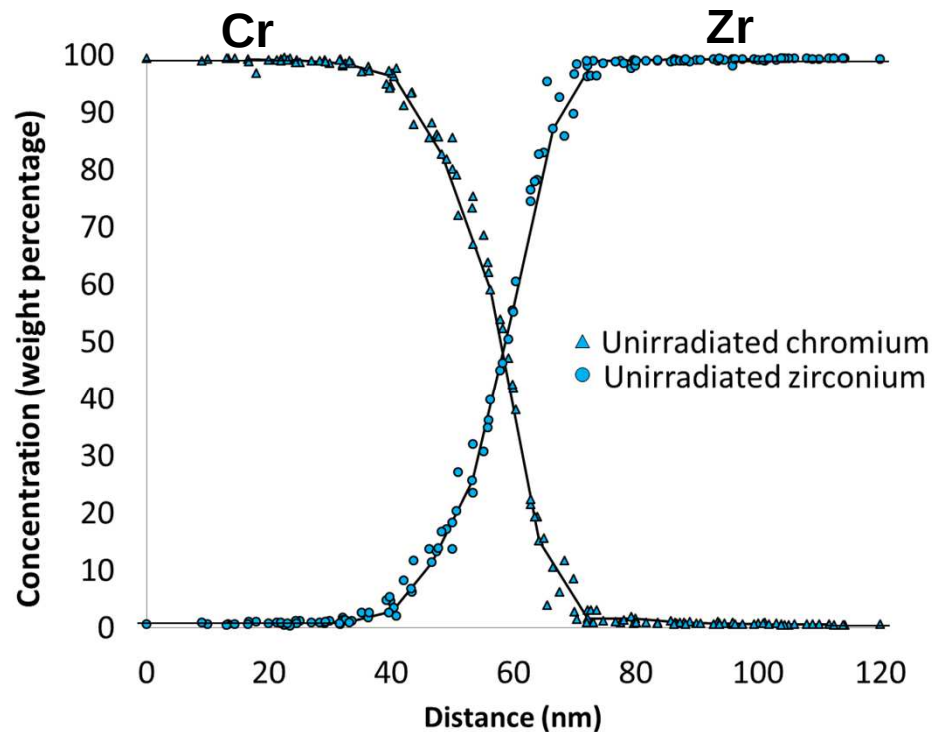
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- HRTEM observation of a FIB thin foil sample



- Ledged interface **between C14 - $\text{Zr}(\text{Cr,Fe})_2$ and Cr**
=> **crystallographic continuity**
- Coherency along $[110]_{\text{Cr}} // [01\bar{1}1]_{\text{C14}}$

➤ Semi-quantitative chemical profiles (EDSX) at the interface



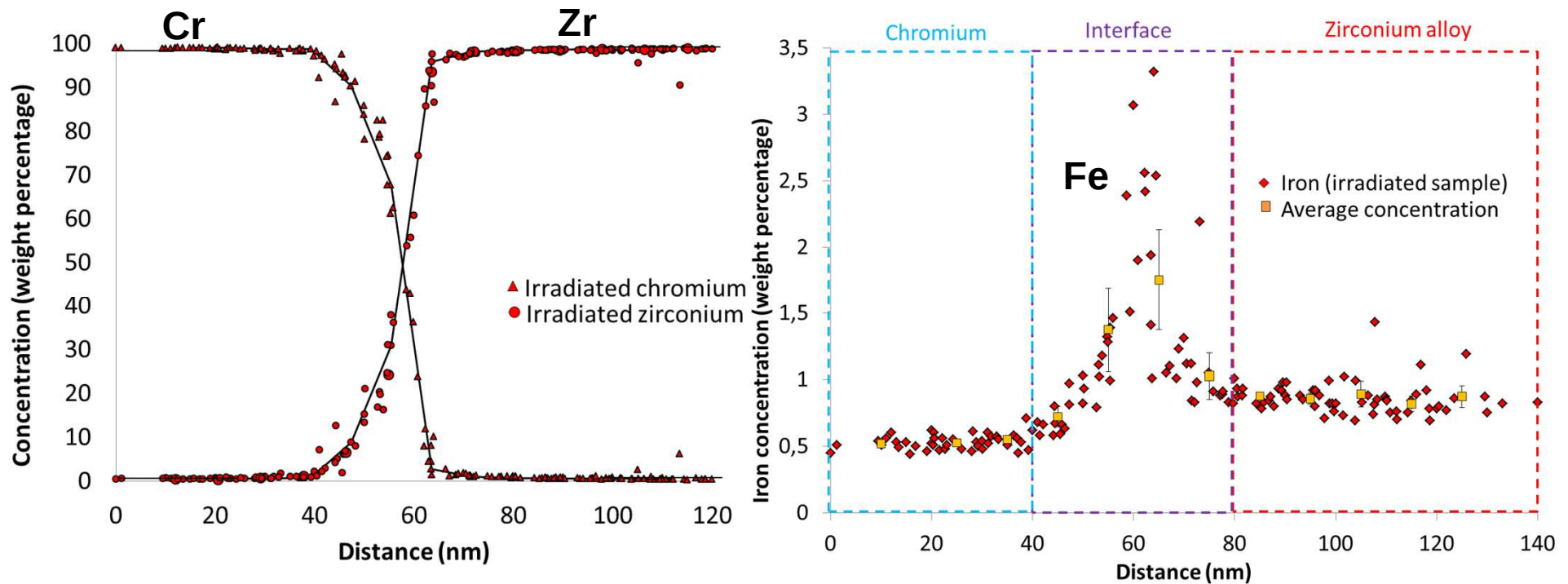
- *Some Fe enrichment at the interface prior to irradiation*
- *Evolution after irradiation?*

CHROMIUM/ ZIRC-4 INTERFACE AFTER IRRADIATION (1/8)

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➤ Semi-quantitative chemical profiles (EDSX) at the interface

Ion irradiation up to ~10 dpa at the interface



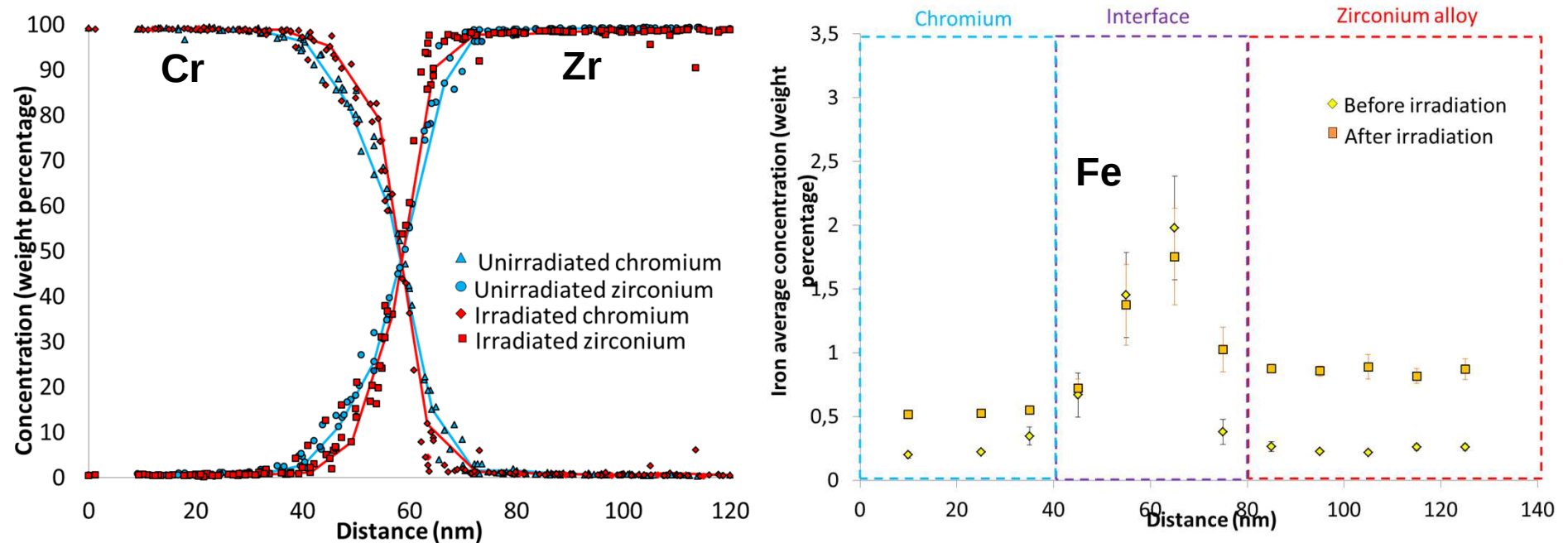
➤ *Fe enrichment still present at the interface after irradiation*

CHROMIUM/ ZIRC-4 INTERFACE AFTER IRRADIATION (2/8)

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- Semi-quantitative chemical profiles (EDSX) at the interface
=> Comparison before/after irradiation

Ion irradiation up to ~10 dpa at the interface



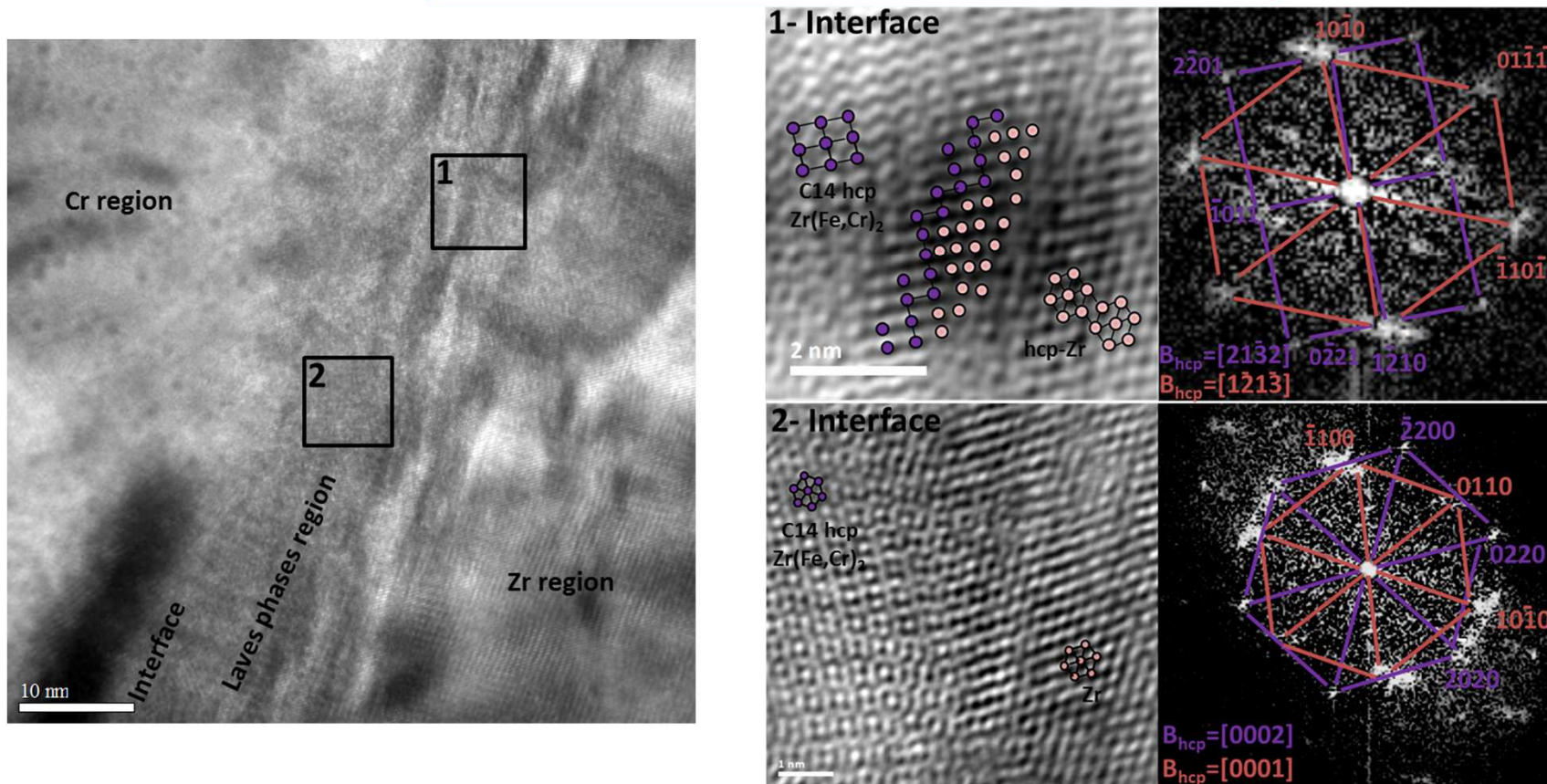
- No significant additional interdiffusion between Cr and Zr after irradiation:
=> **Overall chemical stability of the interface**
- *No significant additional Fe enrichment at the interface
but apparent %Fe increase in neighbouring Zr and Cr after irradiation*

CHROMIUM/ ZIRC-4 INTERFACE AFTER IRRADIATION (3/8)

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- HRTEM observation of a FIB thin foil sample **after irradiation**

Ion irradiation up to **~10 dpa** at the interface

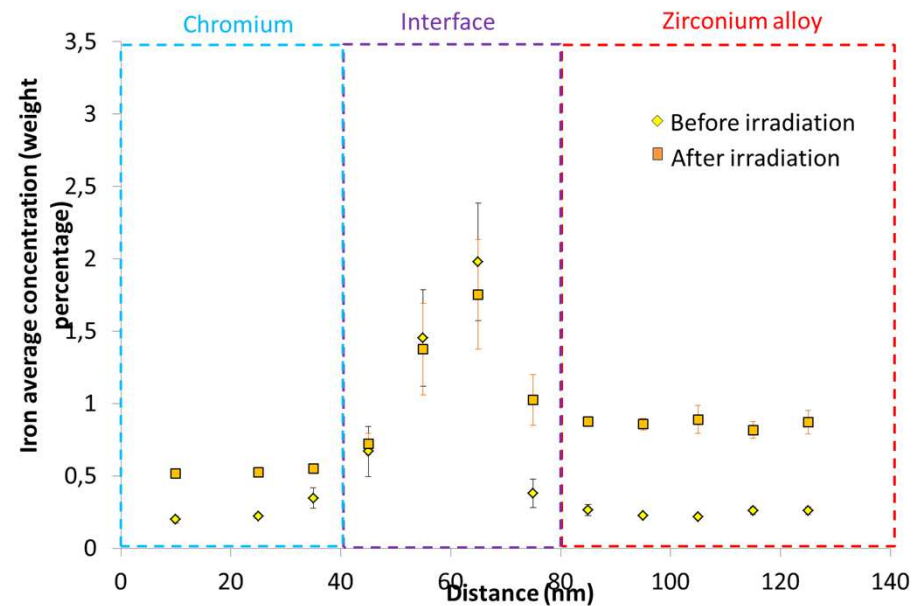
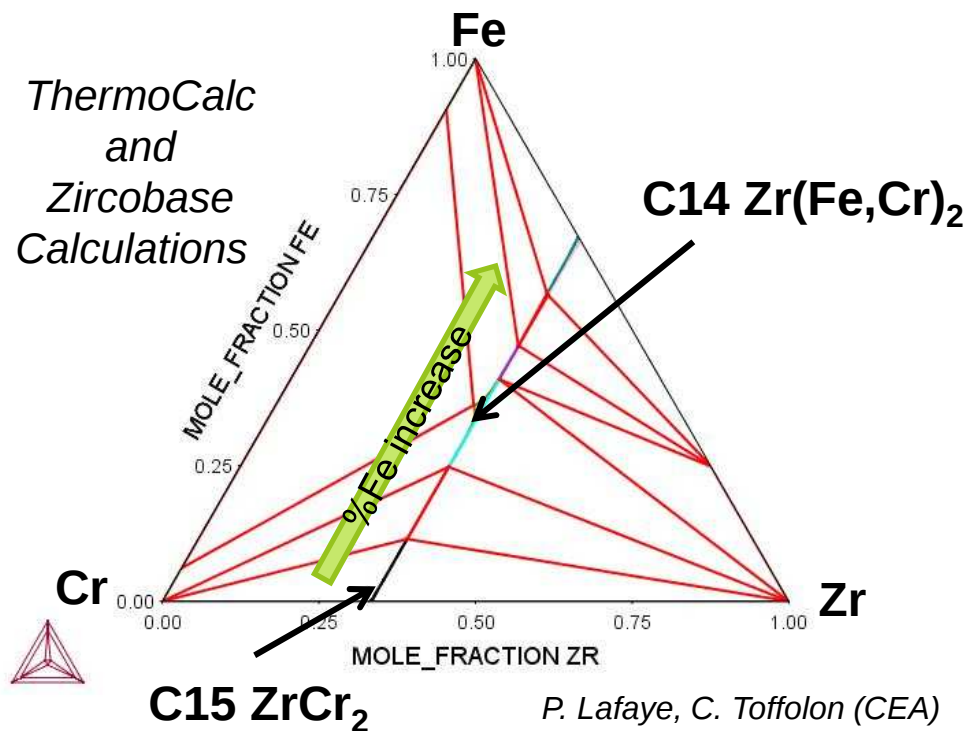


- *Only C14 Laves phase observed (disappearance of the C15?)*

CHROMIUM/ ZIRC-4 INTERFACE AFTER IRRADIATION (4/8)

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Ternary phase diagram Zr,Cr,Fe
(400°C)



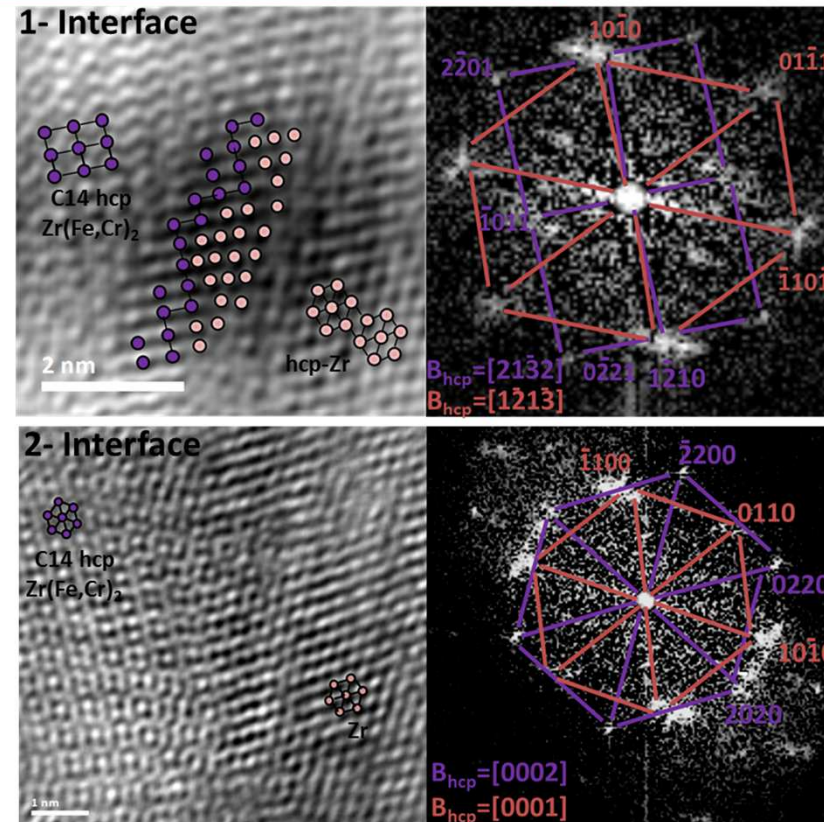
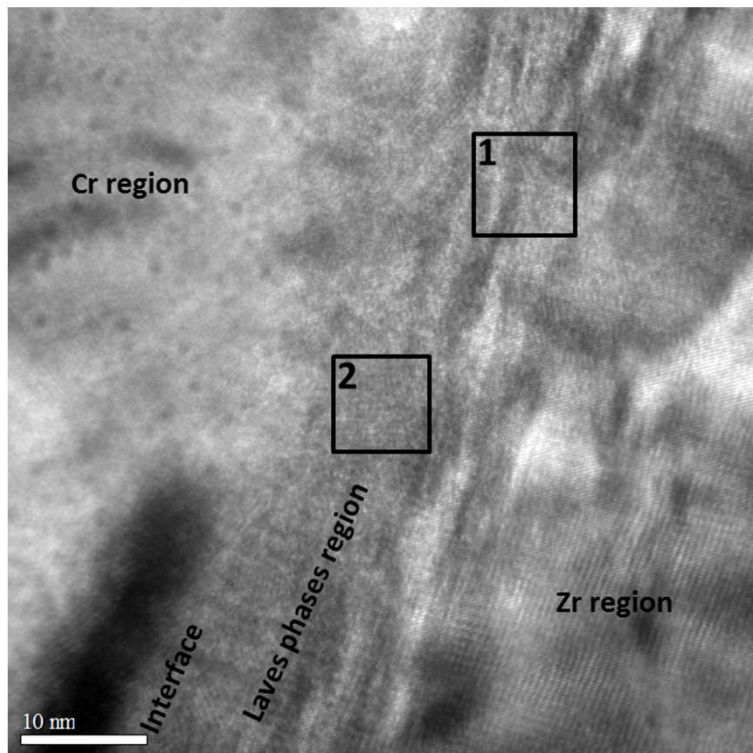
➤ Possible explanation: Transformation of C15 Laves phase to C14 due to thermodynamic stabilizing effect of Fe

CHROMIUM/ ZIRC-4 INTERFACE AFTER IRRADIATION (5/8)

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- HRTEM observation of a FIB thin foil sample **after irradiation**

Ion irradiation up to ~**10 dpa** at the interface



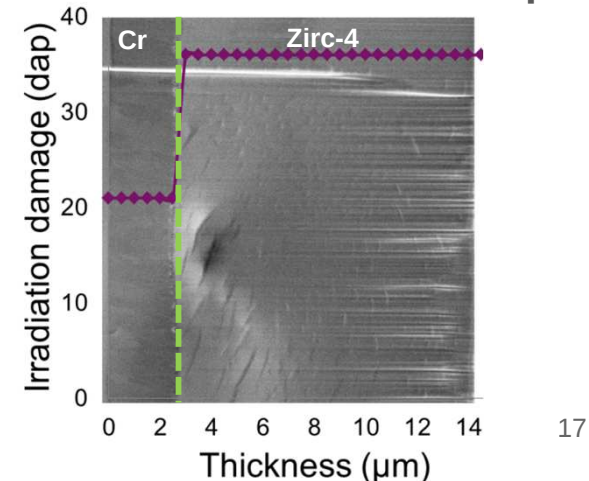
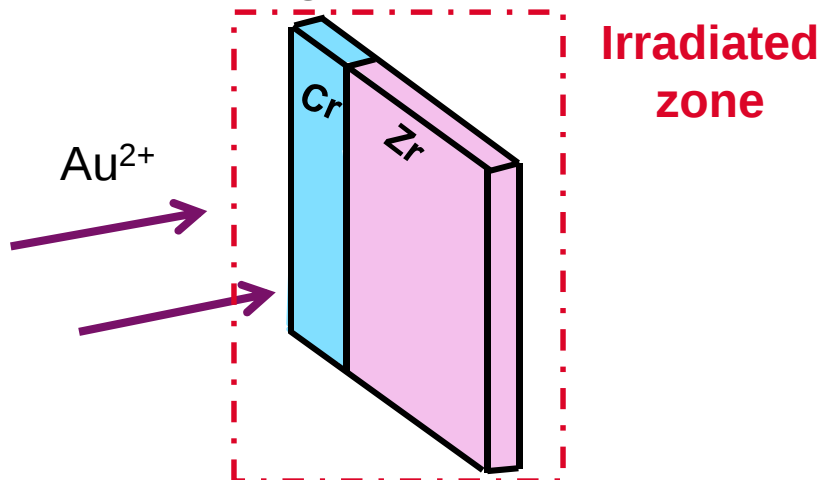
- Only C14 Laves phase observed (disappearance of the C15?)
- **Crystalline interfaces maintained after irradiation**
- Coherency along some crystallographic directions $[10\bar{1}0]_{Zr} // [12\bar{1}0]_{C14}$

CHROMIUM/ ZIRC-4 INTERFACE AFTER IRRADIATION (6/8)

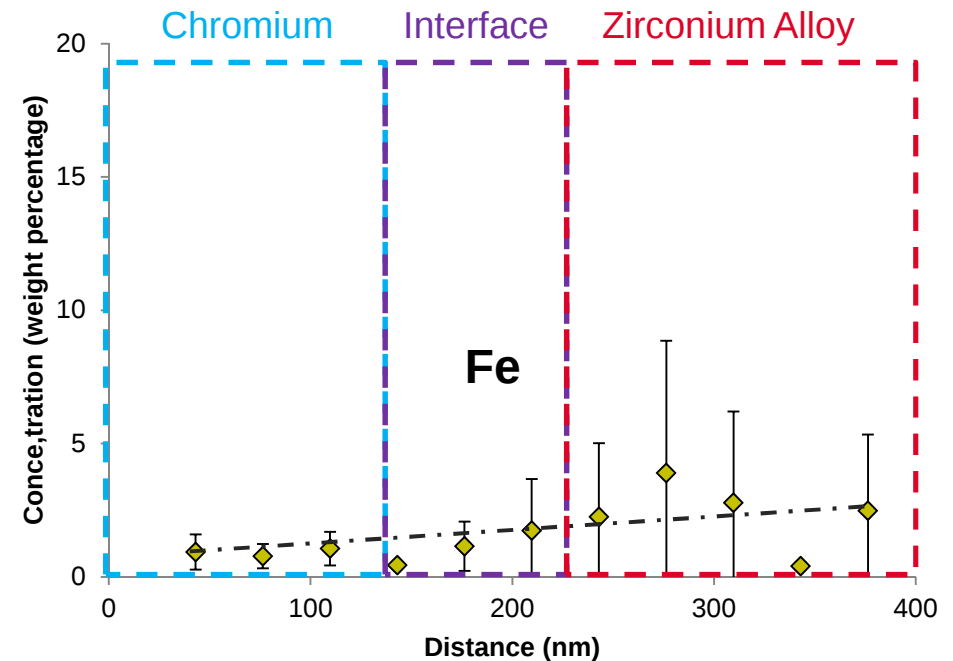
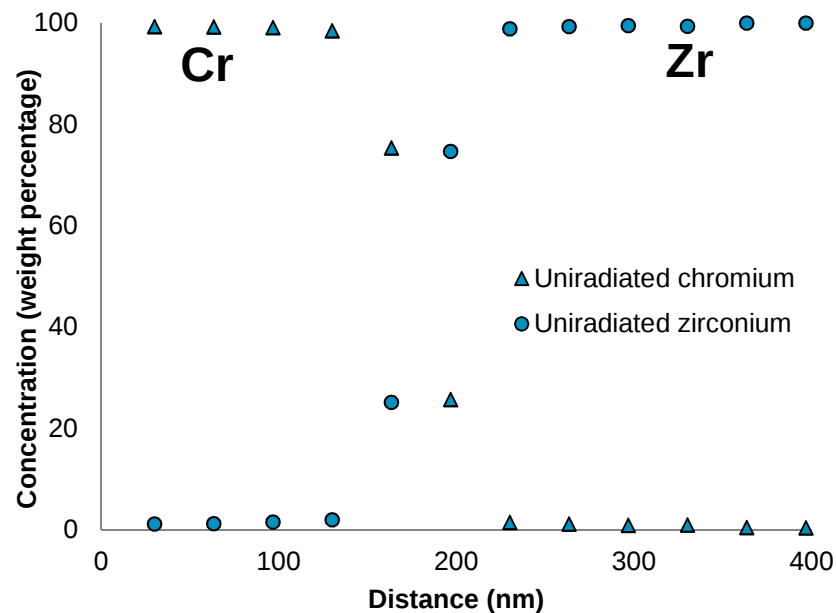
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- Up to 10 dpa at the interface:
 - Chemical stability of the overall Zr/Cr profil
 - Crystalline interfaces maintained after irradiation
 - Some Fe enrichment at the Zr-Cr interface before and after irradiation
 - Potential stabilisation of the intermetallic phases C14 at the interface?

- What happens if we increase the damage?
 - In-situ irradiation (Jannus Orsay) up to **30 dpa** at the interface
 - FIB thin foil sample
 - Ions Au^{2+}
 - Energy 4 MeV
 - Irradiation temperature 400°C
 - Average flux $2,8 \cdot 10^{11} \text{ ion.cm}^{-2}.\text{s}^{-1}$
 - Total dose $6 \times 8 \cdot 10^{14} \text{ ion.cm}^{-2}$
 - Dose totale
 - In Cr: ~ 21 dpa
 - In Zr: ~ 36 dpa
 - At the interface: ~ 30 dpa



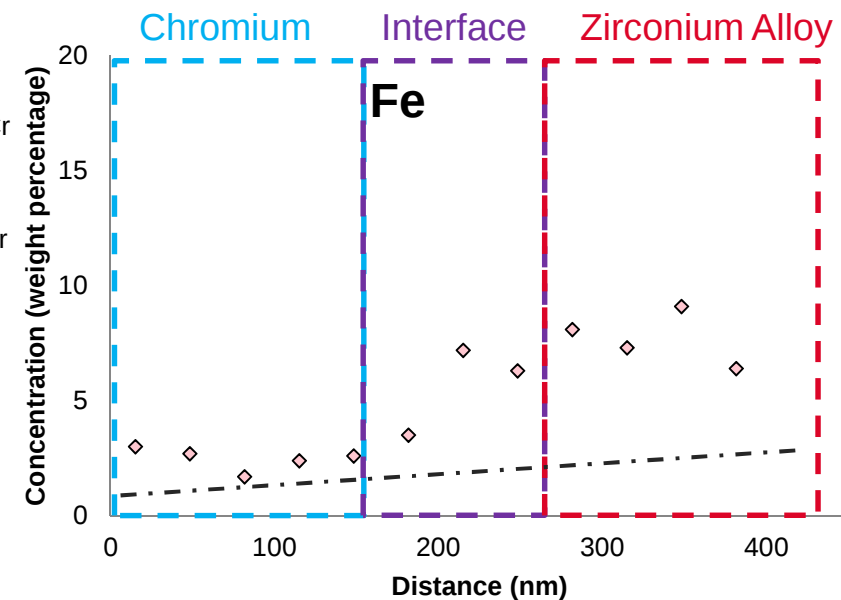
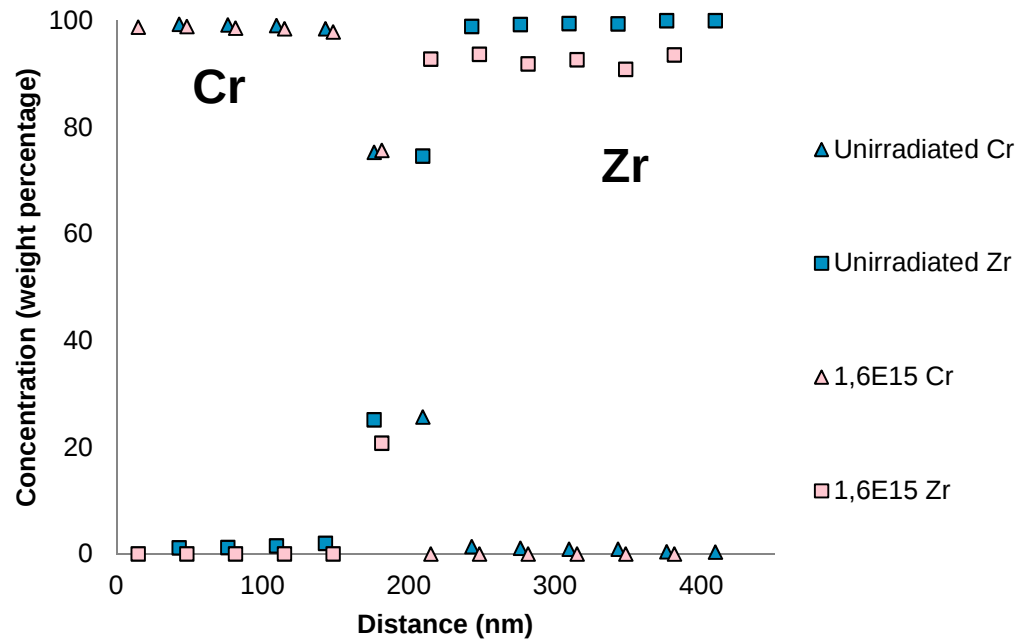
➤ In-situ characterisations: EDS before irradiation



➤ *On some very localized zone, apparent Fe enrichment into the Zircaloy-4 substrate just close to the Zr-Cr interface*

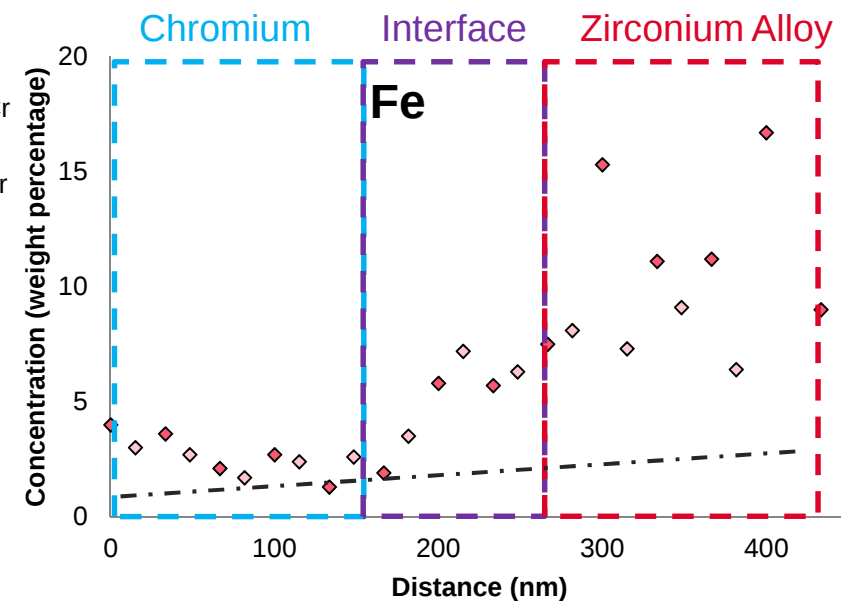
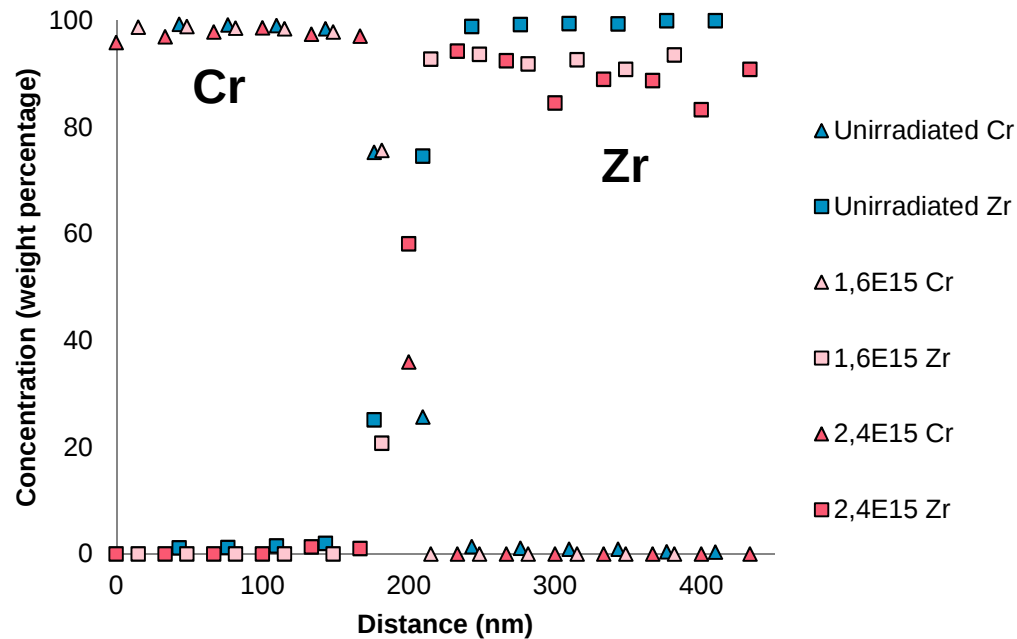
➤ In-situ characterisations: EDS during ion irradiation

Ion irradiation up to ~10 dpa at the interface



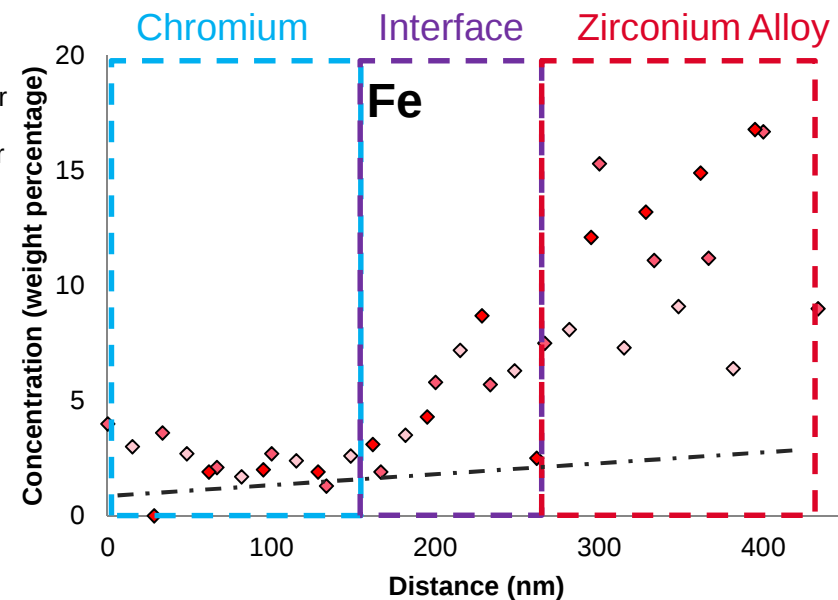
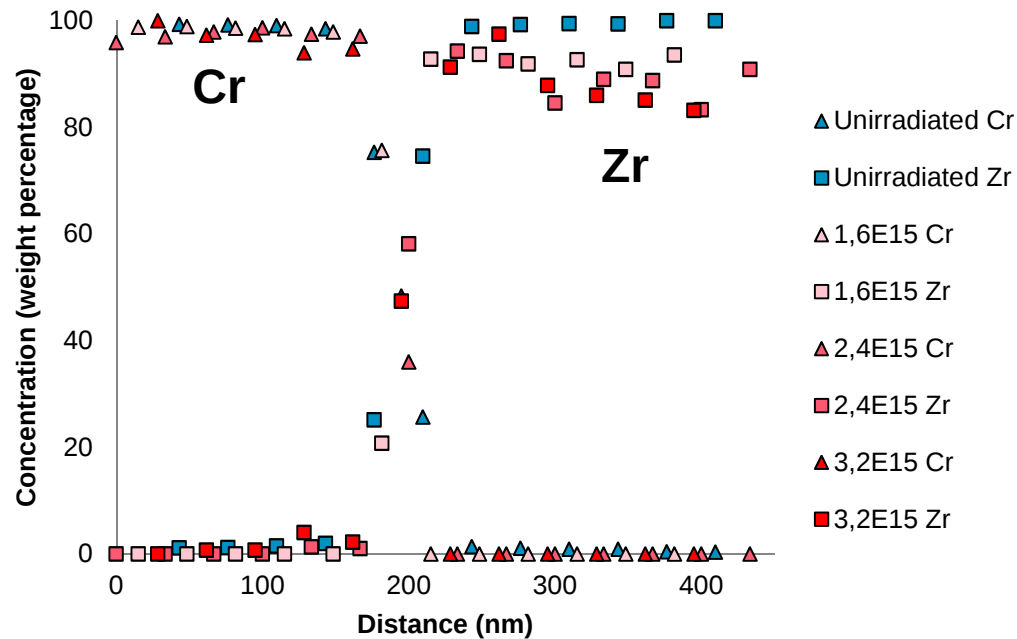
➤ In-situ characterisations: EDS during ion irradiation

Ion irradiation up to ~15 dpa at the interface



➤ In-situ characterisations: EDS during ion irradiation

Ion irradiation up to ~20 dpa at the interface

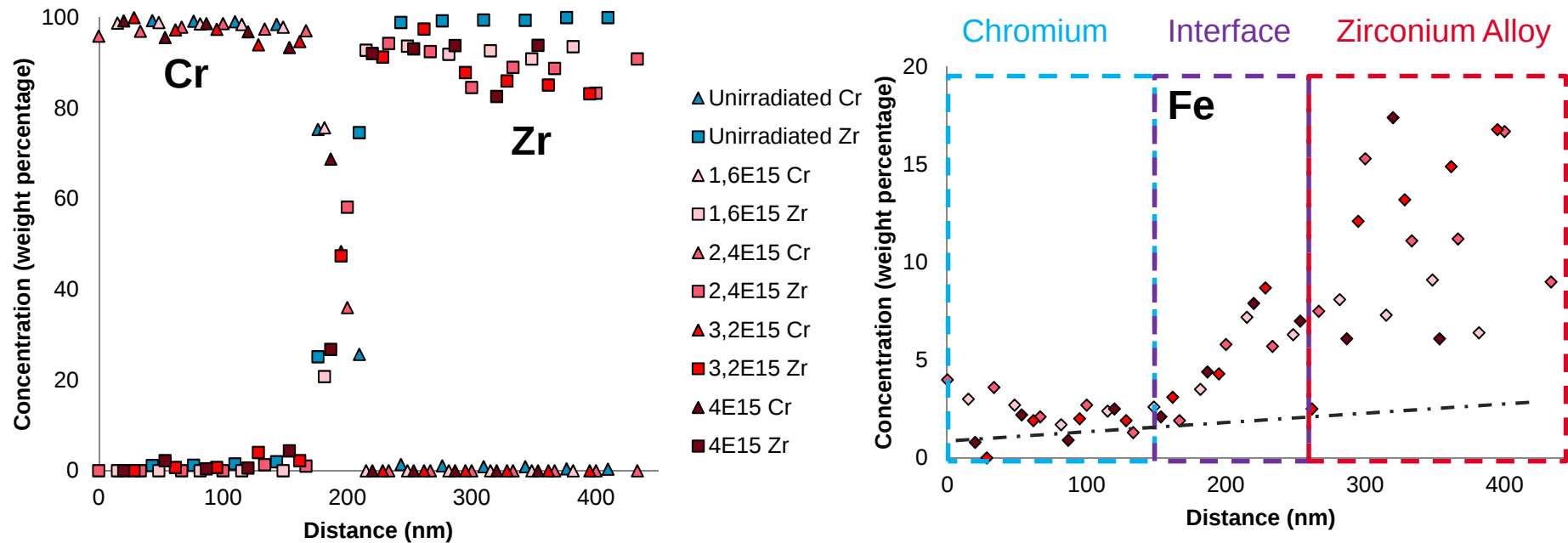


CHROMIUM/ ZIRC-4 INTERFACE AFTER IRRADIATION (8/8)

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➤ In-situ characterisations: EDS during ion irradiation

Ion irradiation up to ~25 dpa at the interface



- **Stability of the Zr / Cr profiles after irradiation up to 25 dpa**
- *Apparent additional Fe enrichment into the Zirc-4 substrate close to the interface when the irradiation dose increases (needs more statistics)*

- Cr coated Zr-alloys are considered as potential EATF claddings for LWRs
- As received coatings show no cracking/voids at the interface
- First ion irradiation experiments performed (at 400°C)
- HRTEM and microchemical analyses focused on the Zr/Cr interface:

Zr/Cr irradiated interface:

- *Chemical stability?*
- *Coherency? Crystallinity?*
- *Intermetallics ($ZrCr_2$) formation at the Zr-Cr interface?*
- *& their stability upon irradiation?*

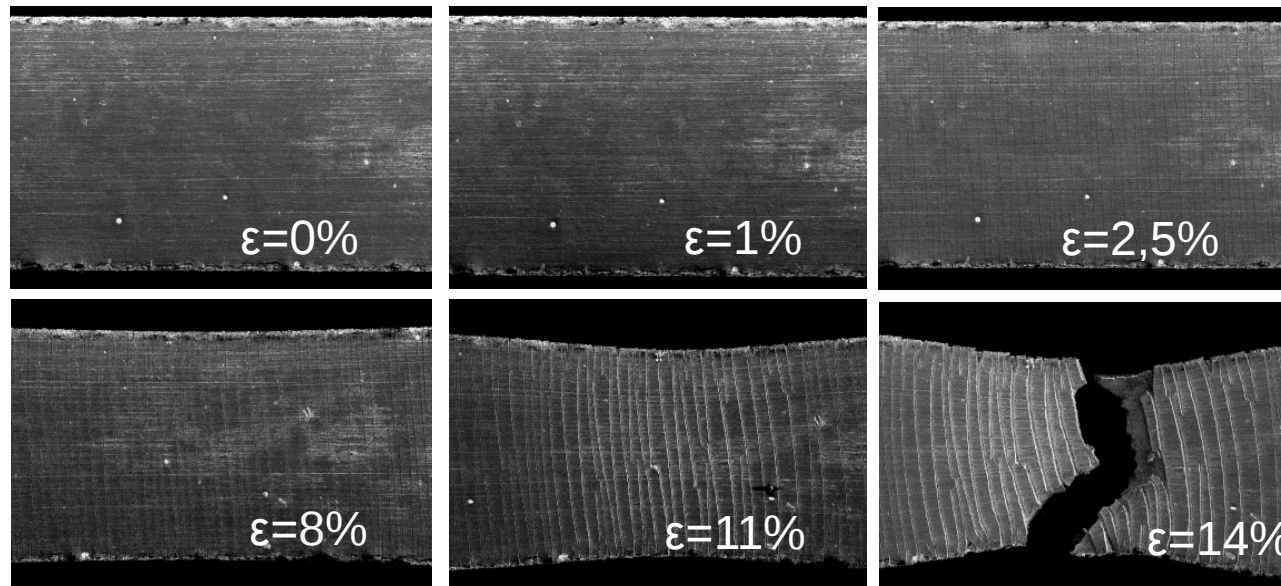
Irradiated zirconium substrate:

- *Is there any coating consumption due to accelerated diffusion of chromium within Zr substrate?*

- No evolution of the Cr/Zr profile
→ no accelerated interdiffusion of $Cr \leftrightarrow Zr$ under ion irradiation at 400°C
- Crystallographic continuity at the interface maintained after irradiation (~10 dpa)
- C15 and C14 $Zr(Fe,Cr)_2$ intermetallic Laves phases and some Fe enrichment highlighted before/after irradiation

- **No irradiation accelerated Cr coating consumption and Cr coating adhesion preserved after ion irradiation**

➤ In-situ (SEM) mechanical testing of unirradiated and irradiated coatings



No Cr coating delamination up to rupture

➤ Study of the **chromium hardening under irradiation** (nanohardness measurements and scratch tests planned...)

Further (Longer Term) CEA-AREVA-EDF R&D on Cr coated Zr base claddings:

- Study of **last generation Cr coated cladding tubes**, including **M5®** substrate
- **Neutron irradiation on-going or planned** (Halden...)

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

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E. Monsifrot, F. Schuster, F. Lomello, I. Idarraga, M. Le Flem...

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Fe ENRICHMENT AT THE Zr/Cr INTERFACE => WHERE DOES THE IRON COME FROM?

⇒ Likely from the Zircaloy-4 substrate (0,2 wt% Fe)

⇒ Potential physical mechanisms:

➤ 1) Fe is a fast interstitial-like diffusing elements in Zr



➤ 2) Limited content of residual Fe in the Zirc-4 matrix solid-solution



➤ **Needs complementary experiments** to confirm and get a better understanding of this phenomena.

IMPACT OF PRE-EXISTING CR COATING DEFECTS

The potential negative impact of a pre-existing defect (i.e., as-received crack) within the Cr coating on the subsequent coated clad oxidation is an important issue:

⇒ *Results obtained so far show only a limited and very localized impact of a pre-existing thru-wall Cr layer crack on the subsequent oxidation behavior for both nominal and accidental (LOCA) conditions (i.e., neither local accelerated corrosion, nor coating spallation)*

⇒ *However, further work is necessary: longer oxidation times...*

