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#### Aging of Solution processed perovskite solar cells

#### Heejae Lee<sup>1</sup>, Arthur Marronnier<sup>1</sup>, Denis Tondelier, <sup>1</sup> Sandrine Tusseau-Nenez<sup>2</sup>, Yvan Bonassieux<sup>1</sup> and Bernard Geffroy<sup>1,3</sup>

<sup>1</sup> LPICM, CNRS, Ecole Polytechnique, Université Paris-Saclay, 91128 Palaiseau, France <sup>2</sup>LPMC, CNRS, Ecole Polytechnique, Université Paris-Saclay, 91128 Palaiseau, France <sup>3</sup> LICSEN, NIMBE, CEA, CNRS, Université Paris-Saclay, CEA Saclay, 91191 Gif Sur Yvette Cedex, France

heejae.lee@polytechnique.edu

In recent years, perovskite (CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>PbI<sub>3-x</sub>Cl<sub>x</sub>) solar cells have been studied steadily due to their potential properties: low-cost processing and possibility to produce large area by low temperature processes. The perovskite film used as light absorber is obtained by solution process and has a crystalline structure. Many different solvents are being developed and gradually adopted for high-performance inorganic-organic hybrid perovskite solar cells. PEDOT:PSS and PC<sub>60</sub>BM are used as hole transport layer (HTL) and electron transport layer (ETL), respectively. The size of active area is 0.28cm<sup>2</sup>. In this study, 9.54% of power conversion efficiency (PCE) is obtained with a saturated current density (Jsc) of  $15.03 \text{ mA/cm}^2$ . The degradation of the performance of the solar cell is studied with XRD measurements as well as electrical characterizations. The perovskite solar cell performance decreases with aging time (Table 1 and Figure 1a) and XRD data show the growing of the PbI<sub>2</sub> peak and a decreasing of the CH<sub>3</sub>NH<sub>3</sub>PbI<sub>3</sub> (MAPbI3) peak.

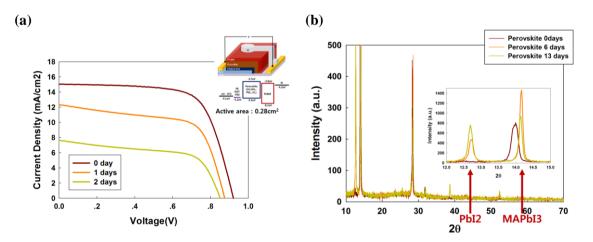


Fig. 1: (a) J-V curve of best performance in 3 days with full device structure and energy band-diagram of solar cells device in this study, (b) XRD data after 0, 6 and 13 days

After	Jsc	Voc	FF	PCE	Rs	Rsh
# Day	(mA/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(V)	(%)	(%)		
0 day	15.03	0.92	69	9.54	9.52	3130
1 day	12.37	0.87	65	6.93	10.3	250
2days	7.65	0.85	61	3.96	14.5	261

Table 1: Basic parameters of perovskite solar cells to check degradation in this study